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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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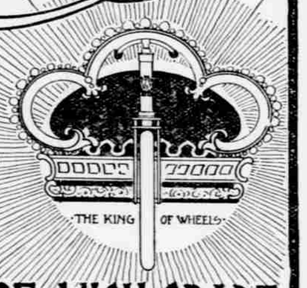

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Don't you know that you can have those decayed and offensive teeth restored to a healthy condition at a

Very Moderate Cost?

Don't you know that I can do your dental work a great deal cheaper than you can yet it done elsewhere?

Don't you know that it is a very dangerous thing to take Chloroform, Ether or Laughing Gas?

If you don't know, come to my office and I will demonstrate to you the truth of the above.

Odontunder!

This is the only safe anaesthetic known to-day to the dental profession. I have the exclusive right of Ebensburg. Teeth extracted positively without pain.

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GOLD CROWNS AS LOW AS $5.00.

Gold Filling, Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty

Feeling confident that both prices and work will prove satisfactory, I solicit your patronage.

Dr. Richards,
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Julian St., Ebensburg.
May 7, 1897.

"EARLY TO BED"
is a welcome call when the bed is made of

CORK SHAVINGS.

CLEAN.
COMFORTABLE.
DURABLE.
Your dealer sells them.

WHEN MOTHER TUCKED US IN.

Our little bedroom, "way upstairs," was heated by the sun,
That did its duty grudgingly when summer days were done;
Yet modern rooms steam-heated ne'er will be so cozy, quite,
As ours was, when mother came and tucked us in at night!

How long the winter evenings were before the open fire,
With rosy apples roasting there and sputtering in their ire;
The popcorn snapping blithesomely above the ruddy bed
Of coals, that glowed right furiously, with good rock maple fed;

While father read the paper through, or, when our neighbor came,
Discoursed at length of church and state, dispensing praise or blame
Impartially; and mother sat, with needles clicking fast
That helped the staid old clock to count the moments as they passed;

While fitful firelight flashes fell upon her gentle face
That shone with steady light—the outward sign of inward grace.
And so the happy moments ran till brands began to fall;
The neighbor damned his well-worn coat, and tramped out through the hall;

Then father brought the Bible worn, and read, with reverent voice,
Some "portion" of the Sacred Word, to chasten or rejoice
Our hearts. Oh, while with him we knelt, how glowed his face
As his petition humbly rose up to the throne of grace.

The slow sonorous stroke of nine made Lion lift his head
From shaggy paws, and mother said: "Come, children—now to bed!"
We left our sturdy "copper-toes" the shining hearth before,
Our "daytime clothes" in tumbled heaps beside them on the floor,

And, holding up our trailing gowns, we whispered up the stairs,
Past the big chimney, where, we made believe, lurked polar bears;
Across the floor that creaked with cold—then into bed we hopped,
Drawing the homespun blankets close about each head closely cropped;

And there we listened, still as mice, for mother's gentle tread;
Right well we knew that she would come to tuck us up in bed.
Was ever such a tender "knack" for making life all rosy?—
A touch so deft, a loving pat, and we were, oh, so cozy!

The wind might rack the rattling sash and twist the elm trees tall,
The storm rage at the pane—to us it mattered not at all.
It seemed a shame to go to sleep and lose the dear delight
We had when mother came upstairs and tucked us in at night!

—Minnie Leona Upton, in Good Housekeeping.

A Brush With Apaches.

BY P. WILBUR SHOOP.

THE long string of pack mules wound down through the dark, narrow ravine of the Hasayampae river canyon, and crossing the dry bed of the stream disappeared behind a ledge of rocks jutting out from the overhanging cliff. It was a lonely spot. Ten miles below a quartz mill had been erected, and five miles up the river was a sheep ranch. But here no sign of life appeared, save the sinuous line of mules wending their way across a stretch of alkali plain to the foothills just beyond. The alkali dust, dry as tinder, crushed under the feet of the animals and was wafted away in little puffs at each successive step.

The straps fastening the load to the back of one of the animals became loosened, and I stopped to fix them. The other mules filed past and left me about a quarter of a mile behind. As I was tugging away at the straps, with the mule occasionally looking back at me with a quizzical expression showing plainly on its face, I heard a sound as of some one slipping over the rocks above. The mule looked up, sniffed the air, gave a sudden lurch, wrenching the straps from my hands, and dashed madly off toward the animals in the lead, probably now a mile ahead, and already on the summit of the nearest foothill. The tin buckets, provisions, etc., that formed the contents of its load, were strewn over the ground quite promiscuously.

The other animals in the train, who previously had been walking along in a sleepy, mechanical way, and only twitching their ears and swinging their tails to vary the monotony, seemed to be infected with the terror of the animal that had broken away from me, and joined it in a mad disorder. I stepped back under the overhanging ledge of rock, and gazed after the animals, wondering as to the cause of their sudden fright. Just then a sharp report rang out. I felt a stinging sensation in my right ear, and could hear a distinct "ping." I clapped my hand to my ear; it was bleeding. Then the reason for the mad fear of the mules came to me. A mule that has been used where Indians are around soon learns to tell by intuition, it seems, whenever one is near and, as they have an inborn antipathy toward them, never lose any time in getting out of the reach of their rifles. This one had fired at me through a crevice in the rocks, but had done no damage save to clip off the tip of my ear.

We were not then expecting an outbreak. A few months before Gen. Cook had gathered in the hostile Apaches and placed them under military control. The former horrors were forgotten, and we were at ease and off our guard. The only weapon I carried was a navy revolver, a poor instrument to cope with a rifle in the hands of a bloodthirsty savage.

I glanced up through the break in the rocks and saw an Apache, in full war dress, peering down to ascertain the result of his shot. As I kept still, he thought he had finished me, and so, losing his caution in his cupidity for scalps, he ventured out from behind the rocks and began climbing down. This was my opportunity, and I drew my revolver and fired at him, and had the somewhat gruesome satisfaction of seeing him fall across a rock. His rifle dropping from his hands, bounded down the rocks and fell at my feet. I picked it up. I had previously supposed him to be alone, but now a dozen or more yells burst from among the rocks, and I knew that I was in for it.

Keeping close to the rocky cliff and dodging from bowlder to bowlder, I ran for some distance up the dried-up bed of the river unperceived. I hid as best I could, and looked back. There were 50 or more warriors, it seemed to me, examining the place where I had been when the shot was fired.

Apparently there was no time to be lost, and taking advantage of their searchings, I ran as rapidly as the rocky ground would permit me. I gained the shelter of a ravine that ran down the river. I clambered up the sides. I was not now more than a quarter of a mile away from where I shot the Indian, and I could easily hear their yells when they realized their prey had escaped. To my relief, their cries grew fainter and fainter, and in a few minutes they ceased altogether. They were looking in the wrong direction for me, and had passed down instead of up the river. This gave me some relief, but I was still in a dangerous locality. For aught I knew, other bands were in the vicinity and anxious for the scalp of anyone who might appear.

Accordingly I carefully and cautiously picked my way along; creeping most of the time and always keeping close to the protection of a rock or large tree. Seeing no signs of Indians, I lost much of my fear and ran openly across the hills. I ran on for some distance, and was finally brought up sharply by fairly running into a camp of the Apaches. They had built a small fire and were devouring the provisions that our excited pack of mules had spilled. All were so busily engaged in eating, however, that I was unperceived. I retreated carefully, but a sentinel that they had posted saw me, and sent a rifle ball whizzing in my direction, much too close for comfort, I can assure you. I ran madly along, stumbling over logs and rotten stumps. I had a good start, and kept in advance of them, quite out of gunshot. Several shots were sent after me, but all apparently fell short. I continued running, scarcely knowing how or where, and at length came out upon the alkali plain. I had run in a circle of about six miles in circumference, and had arrived at the place where the mules had stampeded. I was so exhausted I could scarcely move.

I was now in desperate straits, indeed. I could still hear the yells of the Indians, although their cries were becoming weaker. I looked over toward the foothills, expecting to see some one coming, and to my intense relief I saw, partly obscured by the flying dust, a troop of cavalry from the fort. I could make out the tints of their uniforms, and nothing I have seen, before or since, was as pleasing as that army blue. The fort was only about 20 miles away, and word had been received that afternoon that a portion of the Apache tribe had escaped and were on the warpath, and this troop had been sent to intercept them. I guided the soldiers to the Indian camp, where the Apaches had all returned, having given up their search for me.

When they saw they were surrounded by the soldiers, they submitted without a struggle. Their arms were taken away from them, and they were forced to return to their reservation, very sullen, it is true, but without further hostilities.

Thus ended my first experience with the redskin warriors, and I am perfectly willing to let it be the last. At that time I was so much so, in fact, that I resigned my position as pilot of a packmule train and returned to a civilized region.—Peterson's Magazine.

MR. BIFFLEBY GOES YACHTING.

An Inexpensive Trip, the Only Actual Outlay Being for a Bottle of Tar.

"'A life on the ocean wave,
And a home on the rolling deep,
Where the scattered waters rave
And the winds their vigil keep.'

"I don't know that I have the quotation exactly right," said Mr. Biffleby, according to the New York Sun, "but it will serve as an introduction to what I want to say.

"I am very fond of yachting, but I don't go as much as I would like to, on account of the expense. But I am not without the enjoyments of yachting; for when the desire for water comes over me, as it does every summer, I manage to go yachting at home.

"Every spring I buy about a pound of tar, which I keep in a bottle tightly corked. When it comes along some drowsy summer day, and I feel that I would like to be lying on deck baking in the sun, with the yacht nodding along lazily in the summer breeze, then I take a trip at home.

"That night I eat fish for dinner, or clam chowder, and I go to bed early. Before going to bed I start the water running in the bathroom; the sound of it makes the waves, lapping against the bow of the boat. I clew up the awnings only partly; the starting of the awnings when the wind gets in their folds does for the swaying sails. I bring out the bottle of tar and uncork it, and set it on a chair up by the head of the bed. I douse the glim and tumble into bed, 'Rocked in the cradle of the deep.'"

An Unfortunate Royal Family.

The Duchess d'Alencon, whose watch and betrothal ring were found in the ruins of the burned Paris bazar, was a member of a royal house which has had more than its share of misfortune in recent years. She was the daughter of Duke Maximilian of Bavaria and a younger sister of the empress of Austria and the ex-queen of Naples, and she had a good deal of the high spirit which distinguished those two brilliant ladies before public and private sorrows had dimmed their vivacity. The empress has lost her only son under peculiarly painful and melancholy circumstances. The queen, the dashing horsewoman of the '60's, has long lived an exile from the kingdom which her husband's weakness did a good deal to forfeit, and now the third sister has come to a tragic and untimely death. Their cousin, ex-King Louis of Bavaria, committed suicide 11 years ago.—N. Y. World.

Easily Pleased.

Dependence on superfluities is one kind of helplessness. In one of his neighborly chats with a lady who lived near him at Sunnyside, Washington Irving gently reproved her complaint about the demands her children made upon her. "I have to teach them so many things!" she said. "Too many, perhaps," replied Irving. "Begin with one thing. Teach them to be easily pleased."—Youth's Companion.

RAILWAY ROBBERY.

Not So Many Trains Held Up as There Used to Be.

Extra Precautions Are Taken by Express Companies and Laws Are Being Made Which Have Their Effect.

In the year 1893 there were 33 railroad trains held up in this country by imitators of the James and Younger gangs. The next year the number was 34. It was 49 in 1895, and last year dropped to 23. In the last seven years there have been 183 trains held up or wrecked for the purpose of robbery. The number of persons killed in the perpetration of this train-wrecking or holding-up crime was 73, the number wounded 58. The smallness of the record for 1896 may be partially accounted for by the fact that passengers and crews have recently fallen into the way of fighting train wreckers and train robbers. There were several instances in 1896 of deliberate plans having been made by railroad officials to trap train robbers and kill them, and the plans were successfully carried out, a fact which proved decidedly discouraging to the train-robbing profession. The mortality in 1896 was four among passengers and 32 among trainmen.

So frequent and so desperate have been many of these efforts at train-robbing that the idea has become more or less popular in Europe that railway travel in the United States is about as dangerous as is traveled by private conveyance in the brigand districts of Italy and Sicily, and it cannot be denied that there is considerable justification for the prevalence of this idea. It is not many months since three or four beardless boys were sent to the penitentiary from Rome, N. Y., for the crime of train wrecking. But terms in the penitentiary are not regarded as an adequate punishment for this monstrous crime, and so the penal code of the Empire state has recently been revised, placing train wrecking among the capital crimes. Hereafter any man in New York state found guilty of train wrecking will suffer the same punishment as does any man found guilty of murder in the first degree.

An idea of the magnitude of the danger to railroad travel in the United States is prevalent on this side of the Atlantic, and it finds voice in the elaborate arrangements for defense made by the several express companies of the country in their cars devoted to the transportation of valuables.

The interiors of some of the express cars have the appearance of veritable arsenals. In fact, some of the cars are called arsenal cars. They have a bullet-proof room located in their center. They are built of steel 1½ inch in thickness. The doors leading into either end of these compartments are punctured with peepholes, through which a gun can be ranged and fired. On either side is a steel projection 2 foot wide extending from the level of the window sill to the roof. At each end at the side of this arrangement a port-hole is provided so that a rifle may be used to sweep the side of the train, front or rear, or to shoot from a side hole in any direction from this bomb proof. These are only some of the many features of the ideal arsenal car that has come into use on account of the frequency of train-wrecking and train-robbing. These precautions have been thought necessary by the astute managers of the express companies.

Meantime the United States government that is engaged in transporting valuables in mail cars has taken no such precautions to protect the property intrusted to its care. To be sure, the recently constructed mail cars have no door at each end accessible to the train-robber, but they have doors on the sides, to which an expert robber can find access and where the railway mail clerk could answer and does answer frequently a summons to open. Millions and millions of dollars are every week sent through the United States mail in these unprotected mail cars. If the train is held up, if the robber succeeds in finding his entrance to the railway car and the valuables from the United States mail bags are rifled, the owners have no recourse. The government refuses to be responsible. It is probable that to this lack of responsibility the government's laxity in taking necessary precautions against train-robbing may be attributed. The express companies recognize their responsibility and prepare themselves accordingly. The government seems satisfied to trust to luck and, unfortunately, in many instances the patrons also of the United States mail service trust to luck. The fact that the warm and fatal reception given robbers last year reduced the number of train-robberies and train-wrecking, it would seem, ought to be accepted as a reason why the government should take as radical precautions as have the express companies. A knowledge that mail cars, like express cars, were little else than moving arsenals, together with such drastic measures as have been just adopted in New York state, would go a long way toward making train-robbing in America an almost unheard-of crime.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Food Laws in France.

France knows how to protect the rights of her people. Anybody who doubts the genuineness of an article of food that he has purchased from a Parisian tradesman may take it to the municipal laboratory for analysis. It will cost him nothing to have it analyzed and the fact determined whether it is unadulterated or adulterated, and if the latter the law deals with the offender without further action on the part of the purchaser. The shopkeeper is liable to be heavily fined and imprisoned, and has to display conspicuously in his shop window or on his door for a year a large placard bearing the words: "Convicted of Adulteration."

Suicides in Europe.

On an average about 100 persons commit suicide in the River Thames annually. Of these some 30 jump from the parapets of Westminster bridge. The average number of suicides in London is 87 per annum per 1,000,000 inhabitants. The ratio of Paris is 422. The lowest figure is in Naples, 34.

A BUNCH OF LILACS.

BY CAROLINE LEROW.

ARTHUR NORTHBRIDGE was discouraged. Sitting on the top of a broken-down stone wall, he looked over the rough pasture land to the little, weather-beaten house beyond, and decided that he had never been quite so much discouraged in all his life.

It had not been a very long life, it is true—only 14 years—but he felt that morning as if he had lived a great while, and to very little purpose. He wanted so many things, and had so few! More than all else, he longed for an education, or, concluding that that word expressed too much for him, for a few books, at least. He could read, and think over what he read even, without a teacher; but he certainly could not read without books. As for buying any, that was an absurd idea, under present circumstances.

Arthur and his mother could hardly buy enough to eat, and had to pay interest, too, on the mortgage placed on the little house—a poor piece of property, but all Mr. Northridge had left when he died, six months before. Mrs. Northridge took in sewing for awhile, but the rheumatism in her hands was growing worse every day.

Arthur had worked at very small wages nearly all winter for a machinist in the village; but the machine shop had burned down and the machinist had moved away. To tell the truth, Arthur could not feel sorry about either of those occurrences, even though he tried from a sense of duty.

He positively loathed machinery. He loved birds and flowers as much as he hated wheels and lathes and gearing. Still, when the machinery stopped the money stopped also—that was the worst of it—and apparently no way in which he could earn more. He wished the words from one of the pieces in his old reading book would not keep going through his head in that monotonous manner:

"I'll find a way or make it!
I'll find a way or make it!"

He could do neither, he was sure. And so, what was to become of him and his mother?

"Oh, Morton! Morton! Look at that!"

Arthur gave a start, coming back in an instant from a visit to the great trees of California, and saw a carriage rolling by, which, in accordance with the wish of the lady who occupied it, drove to the stone wall.

She was not looking at Arthur, though her eyes were shining, and her lips parted in a sort of delight. Something on the ground had attracted her attention. Arthur looked in the same direction. A bunch of lilacs, which he had been holding in his hands during his long reverie, had fallen unawares, and the lady had seen it. He sprang down, picked it up and offered it to her.

"They're a good deal wilted," he said. "If you'll wait a minute I'll run home and get some fresh ones."

"No, indeed!" the lady replied, quickly.

She pressed the withered flowers against her cheek. There were tears in her eyes, though only a moment before she had certainly been smiling. Her husband was smiling then as he looked at her, seeming to understand her mood. He put his hand into his pocket, looked more closely at Arthur, hesitated, and withdrew it.

"My wife is not well," he explained, "and the lilacs remind her of her old home. She is very fond of them, and they'll help her more than medicine. It's the first time she's been able to drive out from the city. We are very much obliged to you."

Arthur only bowed. He was a little overcome by such a display of emotion over a simple bunch of lilacs—half-witted, too—and watched the carriage with interest as it drove away.

A moment later a sudden idea occurred to him, in so perfect and practicable a shape that he did not even stop to consider it. He started off on a run to a house which stood near by, in a turn of the road.

Farmer Sanford was busy building a strip of fence.

"Will you please lend me your old Kate and the red wagon for the rest of the day, Mr. Sanford?"

"What?"

The old man could hardly believe his ears, which, perhaps, was not so strange after all, considering that he was gradually growing deaf.

"I'd like to hire it if I had any money," he went on boldly. "I'm going to try to make some, and if I do I'll pay you as soon as I get back. If not, I'll work it out on the fence. Will that do?"

Farmer Sanford heard plainly enough this time.

"That sounds more like business," he said, in his peculiar rasping voice. "I don't keep horses to lend, and old Kate isn't so young as she once was. Mind that when you're a-drivin' her."

Arthur's next trip was to his own home, a little further on.

"Mother, I've borrowed Mr. Sanford's horse and wagon, and I'm going to take a load of lilacs up to the city and try to sell them."

And while he spoke he cut away large clusters of them, putting them into a couple of pails of water he had placed in the wagon.

"Why, that's a crazy idea, Arthur!" his mother replied. "Paying money for lilacs! What made you think of such a thing?"

"I'll tell you when I get home, mother—after you've helped me count the money I'm going to bring with me."

And he laughed for the first time that day. He was too busy and too excited to explain just then.

Arthur's eagerness, combined with old Kate's infirmities, made the trip seem long to him; but he at last reached that part of the city where he had mentally decided to go into business.

Kate halted in a dejected attitude at the corner of one of the principal business streets. It was a street in which nothing was bought or sold but money. Great crowds of men surged in all directions over the sidewalks. Wagons and cabs filled up the space between. It was all roar and rush and rattle.

In the heart of it stood Arthur Northridge, in the old wagon with the lilacs.

"Hollos! My wife would like some of those. How much, youngster?"

And a hurrying man stopped short and handed Arthur a two-dollar bill.

"That's a whiff from my mother's front yard," exclaimed another man before Arthur had time to reply to the first one. "Give us a bunch, boy. I can't wait for the change."

And, flinging down a quarter, he seized a cluster of the flowers and rushed on again.

"I'm in a hurry, too," the first customer explained. "Don't keep me waiting."

And he held out his hand impatiently.

"But I can't change it, sir," Arthur replied. "I've just gone into business. Plenty of stock, but no ready money."

The gentleman laughed at the words, and looked at Arthur appreciatively.

"And I have nothing in the world but this one bill," he said, in his turn. "Plenty of money once. Made it all—easy—on this street. Lost it all—easy, too—in the same place. Keep out of it, boy, unless you come on this sort of business. But my wife shall have some lilacs, anyway."

He fumbled in his pockets, found a ten-cent piece, gave it to Arthur, and passed on.

By this time quite a group surrounded the wagon.

"Lilacs, five and ten cents!" This was the formula which Arthur had thought out for himself as he drove old Kate along, wondering if it could possibly be considered extortion to charge so much for what was to him so valueless. But he did not need to adopt this plan of calling attention to his wares. The sight of them was enough—so suggestive of the solitude and sweetness of the country—in the crowded, dusty, wearying city street.

When the last flower had been disposed of and old Kate was heading for home, Arthur had ample leisure in which to reckon up his profits—three dollars and fifty-five cents.

He could hardly believe it, and counted the money again and again till he proved the accuracy of the calculation.

"What am I to pay you for the horse and wagon?" was his first salutation to Farmer Sanford, as he drove into the yard. "I haven't fed her, for I had no chance."

"Had any dinner yourself?"

"Not a mouthful. I've been too busy."

Nothing could have so inspired old Farmer Sanford with respect and admiration for the lad as his willingness to go hungry for the sake of making a little money. In his vernacular, that was "su'thin' like."

"Well, considerin' as old Kate wouldn't have been doin' nothin' today, I suppose 50 cents would cover the damages."

Without volunteering any explanation, Arthur engaged the horse and wagon for the next day, and went home. He had a long story to tell his mother that night; and the next morning, taking all the lilacs that were on the place, he started off on his second trip to the city, selecting another corner this time, but on an equally busy street.

Fortune seemed as ready to favor him as on the preceding day, and sales were brisk for half an hour. At the end of that time, Arthur felt a hand on his shoulder, and looked up to see the gentleman who had met him by the roadside two days before.

"Gone into business, have you, my boy? How did this happen?"

He asked the question with great interest.

"Oh, sir!" Arthur answered, with animation, "it all came from the bunch of lilacs. I thought if the lady cared so much, other city folks might care, too, a little. At any rate, I thought I'd try and see what came of it."

"Was it necessary—that is, did you—did you—"

"We are very poor, my mother and I," Arthur replied, without waiting for the completion of the question. "I don't know what will become of us when the lilac money is all gone, for I can't get anything to do. If we lived in the city it might be different, but—"

Arthur was obliged to turn his attention to a customer.

"Come around to my office before you go home to-night."

And the gentleman, handing him a card, walked away down the street.

Arthur Northbridge was happier when he went home that night than he had been since his father died. He had another long story to tell his mother, and even more interesting than the first one.

"It seems that Mr. Emery's son, his only child, died six months ago. It almost killed Mrs. Emery, so they gave up their home in the country and went to the city to live. Their front yard was full of lilacs, just as ours is. Their boy was very fond of them. He was about my size, and when she saw me sitting on the wall, and saw the lilacs, too—well, you see, it sort of upset her. Mr. Emery says they keep two servants, and if you go there to keep house for them you'll only have to oversee things. I know I shall like to work in his office, it's so pleasant. Mrs. Emery is coming to see you to-morrow. Isn't it strange what great things have happened just from a bunch of lilacs—and half-wilted ones at that? I sent Mrs. Emery a lot of fresh ones—the last I had left. I'm never going to worry again, mother, as long as I live!"—Golden Days.

Disinfecting the Envoy.

When his excellency, Mr. Chung, the special envoy from the emperor of China to Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee, arrived at Port Victoria, B. C., it was found that there had been smallpox on board, and the authorities at once ordered the ship to quarantine for 24 days, and all the passengers to be fumigated. Mr. Chung refused to submit to such insulting treatment. He said to fumigate the envoy was practically the fumigating of the emperor of China, and the most awful crime that any mortal could commit. The Canadian government, the British government and the Chinese minister in London were all appealed to, and the unfumigated envoy was allowed to go free and carry infection even to the diamond jubilee.—Detroit Free Press.

CUNNING OF THE LEFT HAND.

Some of the Advantages Possessed by the Ambidextrous.

Ambidextrous men and women, or those who can use either right or left hands with equal facility, are not nearly so frequently met with as might at first be supposed; in fact, they are quite rare. This double faculty is, however, much more frequently met with among butchers and sailors than in any other walks of life. Left handed butchers are numerous, as a walk through any of our large market houses will quickly demonstrate, but it is a very interesting study to watch any of them who will cut, chop, saw and handle his implements without ever changing it from one side to the other on the block or changing his own position.

In view of the many advantages derived from the ability to use both hands equally well, many people have often expressed surprise at the action of educational authorities in insisting on the use of only the right hand, instead of trying to develop an equal skill in the other. They all stick to the right-handed idea, however, and an old resident of Frankford, noted for his ambidextrousness, is still mourning the loss of a prize at school through the use of his left hand in writing, although he was equally skillful as a penman with his right.

The benefits derived from the use of both hands were excellently illustrated in the experience of two carpenters who lived in Frankford some years ago. Their names were Cross and Walton, and the former was right-handed, the latter left handed. As one was also very tall and the other very short, they made a curious couple, but they always worked together laying floors and putting up joiners' work in buildings.

They could take jobs of this character cheaper than any other, because they could work from either end toward each other so handily. Cross would square a floor board at one end and Walton would "scribe" and cut it off to fit at the other end and then nail down, working together from opposite ends.

Left-handed machinists are always at a disadvantage, as machinery is invariably adapted to people who work right-handed, but the ambidextrous man or woman is always at home in whatever work is undertaken.—Philadelphia Record.

WOMEN ON FARMS.

Extent of the Help Which New England Wives Give.

The women are true helpmeets. Not only do they do their own work, but they are able and willing to milk the cows and assist with the hay-getting and in other ways lend a hand out of doors in emergencies. Some of them even eke out the family income by little ventures of their own, such as raising hens and bees and gathering and marketing spruce gum, beechnuts and blueberries. There is no servant-girl problem, because there are no servants. When sickness or some other real disability necessitates female help in the household a neighbor's daughter is called in. She is, of course, regarded, and in every minutest particular treated, as a member of the family; it could not be otherwise. The children are trained to bear their share of the family burden, so far as it can be done without interfering with their schooling, and the very school terms are arranged with a view to conflicting as little as possible with farm work. When the children grow up many of them go out into the world to seek their fortunes (that, within reasonable limits, is a law of nature), but there is nothing like an exodus of the rising generation, no approach to a depletion. Plenty of ambitious, vigorous young men stay behind to arrange themselves in life as their fathers did before them, chopping in the woods winters and tilling the few acres they have been able to purchase with their winters' savings summers. Furthermore, there are plenty of desirable young women happy and proud to cast their lots in with the young men and do their share of the drudgery necessary to establishing a home. Thus new farms are cleared out of the woodland and the old farms are kept up.—Atlantic.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Much coal is wasted by keeping draught on unnecessarily.

Sterilized milk is safer for infants than is milk simply warmed.

All cold vegetables left over should be saved for future use in soups or salads.

People of small means can live well, if care is taken that there is no waste in the kitchen.

Wealthy people spend double as much as is necessary from lack of care in domestic matters.

Cold water put into glasses or dishes from which eggs have been eaten will soften the egg and make washing easy.

A good jelly may be made from rhubarb by boiling to a pulp, straining, and after adding a pound of cut sugar to each pint of juice boiling, skimming often, until it jellies on the skimmer.

If tinted willow furniture is very dusty, wash in clear water, using a brush in the crevices and dry in the shade. Willow or rattan furniture in natural color may be thoroughly scrubbed with a stiff brush, warm water and white soap. Dry in the sun and wind.

Often very rich cream will not whip up readily; it should have a little milk added to it. Cream should be very cold to whip easily and quickly. If it is well chilled there is not the danger of the cream whipping to butter as housekeepers frequently complain it does.

Mahogany Railroad Cars.

A new train for the queen of six carriages is now in course of construction at Swindon, England, and its elaborate internal and external decoration is engrossing the attention of the most expert artists employed by the Great Western railway. The only wood used is mahogany, and the doors of the queen's carriage are so contrived as to allow of the entrance of two attendants, one at either side of her majesty. It is also arranged that the approach to the royal salon is to be on a level with the platform, so as to dispense with any necessity for steps.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - AUGUST 27, 1897.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

To the Democratic Voters of Cambria county.

The Democratic voters of the several Election Districts of Cambria county will meet at their respective polling places on SATURDAY AUGUST 28, 1897, between the hours of 1 and 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to the DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION, which is hereby summoned to meet at Ebensburg on MONDAY, AUGUST 30, 1897, to nominate a county ticket and transact such other business as may be brought to its attention.

The delegates will assemble at the court house at 11 o'clock A. M. to present the returns and for the purpose of effecting the permanent organization of the convention after which an adjournment will be had until 1 o'clock, the hour fixed by the rules for the convention proper to meet.

The apportionment of delegates for the several districts is as follows:

Adams tp.	2	Johnstown, 9th wd.	4
Allegheny tp.	3	Johnstown, 10th wd.	3
Ashville bor.	1	Johnstown, 11th wd.	1
Barnesboro.	1	Johnstown, 12th wd.	2
Barr tp.	2	Joonstown, 13th wd.	1
Blacklick tp.	1	Johnstown, 14th wd.	2
Cambria tp.	1	Johnstown, 15th wd.	2
Carrolltown bor.	2	Johnstown, 16th wd.	4
Carroll tp.	3	Johnstown, 17th wd.	2
Chest Springs bor.	1	Lilly bor.	2
Chest tp.	2	Loretto bor.	1
Clearfield tp.	3	Lower Yoder tp.	2
Conemaugh tp. No. 1.	1	Morrellville, 1st wd.	1
Conemaugh tp. No. 2.	1	Morrellville, 2d wd.	1
Cooperdale bor.	1	Morrellville, 3d wd.	1
Cresson tp.	3	Munster tp.	1
Croyle tp.	2	Patton, bor	2
Daisytown bor.	1	Portage bor.	4
Dale bor.	2	Portage tp.	2
Dean tp.	1	Reade tp., East	1
Dumbolt.	1	Reade tp., South	1
East Conemaugh bor.	2	Reade tp., West	1
East Taylor tp. No. 1.	1	Richland tp.	1
East Taylor tp. No. 2.	1	Rosedale bor.	1
Edenburg E. wd.	1	Roxbury bor.	1
Ebensburg W. wd.	2	South Fork, 1st wd.	1
Ehrenfeld dist.	1	South work, 2d wd.	1
Elder tp.	2	Spangler bor.	2
Ferndale bor.	1	Stonycreek tp.	1
Franklin bor.	1	Summerhill bor.	1
Gallitzin bor.	4	Summerhill tp.	1
Gallitzin tp.	1	Susquehanna, North.	1
Hastings bor.	2	Susquehanna, South.	2
Jackson tp.	1	Tunnelhill bor.	2
Johnstown, 1st wd.	2	Upper Yoder tp.	1
Johnstown, 2d wd.	1	Vintondale dist.	1
Johnstown, 3d wd.	1	Washington	2
Johnstown, 4th wd.	1	Westmont bor.	1
Johnstown, 5th wd.	2	West Taylor tp.	1
Johnstown, 6th wd.	2	White tp.	1
Johnstown, 7th wd.	3	Wilmore bor.	1
Johnstown, 8th wd.	1		
		Total	130
		Necessary to choice	66

There will also be a member of the Democratic county committee to elect in each district at the above mentioned primary election. H. A. ENGLEHART,

Chairman Democratic county committee.

Ebensburg, Pa., 10, 1897.

THE commissioner of pensions has notified all pension agents that it has come to his attention that checks, vouchers, and, certificates are being mailed to pensioners in care of attorneys. In the order issued to them he says: "Mail cannot be delivered to parties in w'o e care it may be addressed, and, to aid the postal authorities in the proper delivery of mail for pensioners, you are requested to see that no mail from your office to a pensioner is addressed in care of another person."

IT is not only the wheat crop of Europe that is much less this year than the average. There is quite as large a proportionate falling off in the yield of rye and potatoes. Rye is the bread grain in many European countries, and potatoes are one of the chief food products in the homes of the poor. Speculators, by devices in which they are experts, may manage to send the prices of breadstuffs temporarily up or down, but there is a solid foundation for the advance that has been obtained in the market and it is likely to be maintained long enough for the sale of our surplus.

CHAIRMAN GARMAN, of the Democratic state committee, was asked what effect dollar wheat would have on the work of the forthcoming state convention.

"Not a bit," he replied. "The Democrats realize that the so-called prosperity among the farmers of the west is purely accidental, and they know, too, what the Republican newspapers fail to tell us, that a new burden of taxation has been imposed by the Dingley tariff law, which, in the end, will more than offset the accidental profits temporarily derived from the sale of cereals at high figures."

THE report of the United States commissioner of education, Dr. William T. Harris, for the year ended July 1, 1896, has just been completed. It brings the educational progress of the country up to that date, and embraces the latest statistics the bureau had gathered. The report shows a total enrollment in that year in the schools and colleges, both public and private, of 15,997,197, pupils. This was an increase of 308,995. The number in public institutions was 14,476,371, and in private institutions was 1,532,856. In addition to all these there were 418,000 pupils in the various special schools and institutions, including business colleges, music conservatories, Indian and reform schools, making the grand total enrollment for the whole country 16,415197.

THE labor situation, says the Pittsburg *Post*, is undoubtedly very critical, all attempts at settlement having failed, the conferences been broken up, and the operators' meeting adjourned sine die, with the avowed purpose of importing labor. This, we have no doubt, without entering into the rights of the matter, will create trouble of a very serious character. There is no question but the labor unions of the whole country are in sympathy with the miners and with greater unanimity than has ever before been witnessed. What course they may adopt in aid of the miners will probably be determined at the national trades convention to meet in St. Louis on Monday next. There is talk of a general strike or shut down, but so serious a move as this will hardly be entered on, as it would be almost impossible to carry out, although it migft be made a great calamity in certain sections. If there is any virtue in the uniformity plan it should be hurried up. The question of government by injunction is looming up as the central issue of what may turn out to be the greatest battle ever fought in this country between labor and organized capital, in the shape of trusts, corporations and the Republican party.

THE Chicago *Record* in an article on strikes and injunctions which are now prevailing throughout the country has this to say:

So long as society accepts and tolerates the strike as a method of settling industrial disputes society should insist on fair and equal treatment for both parties to the contest. One combatant should not be allowed to take unfair advantage of the other, nor should the power of government be exercised to the benefit of one party and the detriment of the other. It is the duty of the government to see that law is preserved and that rights are not infringed. But its attitude toward the contending parties should be one of strict neutrality.

Time was when the workingmen who did not like the terms of employment stipulated by one employer could leave and seek employment with any number of other persons engaged in a similar line of business, and thus better his lot. But conditions are different to-day. The employer in most cases represents a vast aggregation of capital, with which the individual workman cannot cope successfully. Whether he likes it or not, the fact remaing that under present conditions the laborer has little hope of bettering himself, so far as wages and hours are concerned, except through combination with his fellow workmen. One individual by withholding his labor from the market—that is, refusing to work—could accomplish nothing. A union of workingmen, by withholding their collective labor from the market, may force the employer to grant the concessions asked for. Of course the success of these efforts depends on the ability to control to a considerable degree all the labor in a particular line that is put on the market. The only way this labor can be controlled is by its being organized into a union. If the laborers conducting a strike for higher wages, say, can by peaceable means, induce other laborers in the same line to associate with them, clearly they should have the right to do so. The government in no way should hinder them in so doing, so long as they try only peaceable means of persuasion, else it seriously handcaps one of the parties to the strike.

The employer of course has the right to hire men where he can. It is not fair that these men, when hired, should be driven away by violence on the part of the strikers or anybody else. The government should punish the perpetrators of such violence as it would punish persons committing any other like offense against the law. It is entirely within the right of the employer, too, for him to forbid entrance upon his premises by strikers who would persuade his workingmen to quit.

But it also ought to be recognized as entirely competent for strikers to attempt to induce the laborers at work to cease work and associate with the union.

If the strikers can accomplish this object by peaceable persuasion and appeals to reason they should be allowed to do so without any interference whatever from the government. In England, where labor organizations have passed beyond the stage of violence, this right is recognized by the government, and "picketing," as it is called, is sanctioned. That is, how the union, when fighting an employer, is allowed to station "pickets" just outside his premises and try to induce the workmen as they go to and from work to join the strikers.

The attempt of employers to harass the strikers with injunctions from the courts in carrying on such a campaign is an attempt to use the government in the interest of one side as against the other. The injunction ought not to be brought into the matter at all. Its tendency is to take the administration of law from the executive branch of government, where it belongs, and lodge it with the judiciary. If a striker has committed an offense he should be arrested and punished. If there is danger that an offense will be committed it is the duty of the administrators of the law to be on hand to stop the perpetrator and arrest him on the spot. But to enjoin a striker who has committed no offense from committing offense is to put the brand of criminality upon him without warrant, and thus place him at a disadvantage with his opponent, when the government should remain entirely neutral.

"PRESIDENT A. J. MOXHAM, of the Johnson Steel Company, who is now in England, has just received orders for 20,000 tons of steel rails for electric roads in Ireland. This is probably the largest order of steel rails for electric railway purposes ever shipped out of this country, and the fact that they are sent to the very doors of England is one of the notable features of the affair. Moxham has obtained a freight rate of $3 a ton from the works to Ireland. The Johnson Company underbid not only other American mills nearer the seaboard, but English mills as well."

From Vancouver, B. C.,—"Advices from Tokio say that Japan is about to place a contract in America for the rails and material required for the 1,200 miles of railroad which it is to construct in Formosa."

From "An act to provice revenue for the government and to encourage the industries of the United States," commonly known as the Dingley law, it is learned that to prevent the shipment of English rails to the United States a protective duty of seven-twentieths of one cent per pound, or $7.84 a ton, is required.

How curious a thing it is that the only market in which American manufacturers need protection is their home market.

THE Republican state convention meets a Harrisburg to-day (Thursday) to ratify Quay's choice for candidates. There is never any trouble at a Republican convention in Pennsylvania as the people have very little to say.

Flour $11 by the Sack.

Seattle, Wash., August 19.—The Associated Press correspondent writes from Lake Linderman under date of August 7: "On Lakes Linderman and Bennet are nearly 500 people actively making preparations and building boats for the descent to the Klondike. The Skagway trail is open and the first contingent reached Tagish lake on Thursday last numbering 200 people. The trail is nearly 50 miles long, and horses are able to pack 250 pounds from saltwater to Tagish. Nearly $1,000 people are in camp at Shagway, and it is expected that they will reach the lakes in 10 days The route will take nearly all of the travel from the Dyea route, except during the winter and spring months The opening of the Shagway road is sure to cause travel to continue as late as September 18. At present the Dyea trail is blocked with freight and passengers, and to complicate matters the Chilcoot Indians have struck for 80 cents a pound, which makes the cost of flour laid down at this placet $11 a sack. Boat loads of people are leaving here and Lake Bennett every day for the mines."

A Woman's Assailant Lynched.

Williamsburg, Ky., August 22.—A mob of fifty men came into town at 1 o'clock this morning, took Caney Sullivan, white, from the jail and hanged him on the county bridge across Cumberland River. They made so little noise that not over half a dozen people in town knew of the lynching until they arose for breakfast.

The mob gained entrance to the jail by telling Deputy Brummett that they had a prisoner for him. When they came down they overpowered him and put him in Sullivan's cell. The crime for which Sullivan was lynched was committed about a month ago, when he scriously assaulted his sister-in-law, Sarah Lawson. He was tried here yesterday, the jury finding him guiliy and fixing his punishment at twenty years in the penitentiary. The citizens of Miss Lawson's neighborhood did not think this punishment adequate and openly threatened to lynch Sullivan.

Unknown Parties Attack a Train.

Wheeling, W. Va., 10.—Unknown parties concealed in the brush about the Cleveland, Loraine and Wheeling railroad tracks at Barton, last night, attacked a passing north bound coal train. As the train passed the spot a volley of stones was sent at the trainmen wherever one was in view. Fireman Little was struck by one of the flying missiles and quite badly cut. Later another train at the same place collided with a pile of empty oil barrels, which had been put upon the track and fastened with a heavy rail. Engineer Leggett was looking for trouble at this point and was running the train very slowly and no damage was done. Every effort is being made by the county authorities to apprehend the guilty parties.

Bullet Through His Brain.

Greensburg, Pa., August 25.—Jacob Mantel, aged 60, a dealer in groceries, fired a bullet through his brain at his home in the Ffth ward, this afternoon He is still alive this evening. A short time before he committed the act he entered the business house of an acquaintance and paid some money he owed When the merchant remarked to Mantel that he looked well for one who had so recently recovered from a serious illness. Mantel laughingly retorted that his life would never be in danger by the ravages of disease.

"The only thing," he continued, "that will be sufficient to end my life is a 33 caliber bullet."

The physicians expect his death momentarily.

Tied up by Burglars.

Toledo, O., August 25.—Four masked men went to the farm house of William Hamlin, of Oregon township, last night and called for George Cherry, a farm hand. When Cherry opened the door the men rushed in, bound him hand and foot and thrust a gag in his mouth. The men then rushed upstairs where they met William Hamlin, who was aroused by the noise below. Two of the robbers beat Hamlin over the head with their revolvers. He was tied up in the same manner. Meanwhile the other two robbers rushed into the room occupied by a son of Hamlin, dragged him out of bed and bound hand and foot. The men ransacked the house from top to bottom.

Three Carried Over Niagara Falls.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Frank Weber, of Buffalo; Warren Bush, 21 years old, and Charles Glasner, 29 years old, both of Chicago, who have been camping on the banks of the Niagara river for the past week with several companions, yesterday hired a small boat at La Salle, and started to row across the Niagara river to the Canadian shore. In the heavy current their boat became unmanageble and upset. The men were seen by a number of people on shore struggling in the water, but before assistance could reach them all three were carried over the falls on Canadian side.

A Railroad for Klondike.

San Francisco, August 2.—A special correspondent of the *Bulletin*, writing from Juneau, Alaska, under date of August 11, says that railroad communication between Juneau and Dawson will be one of the near future. Next spring 5,000 men will be at work, and the road will probably be completed before next fall. The proposed road is to start from the head of steamboat navigation in Taku river and run to Lake Teslin. Light draught steamboats will be operated from each end of the new road, and it will take four days to make the journey from Juneau to Dawson

Judge Seaver Shot.

Woodstock, Vt., August 22.—Thomas C. Seaver, judge of probate for Winsor county, was shot this morning by William W. Lawrence, while standing on the piazza of his residence, the ball penetrating his right lung, lodging under the shoulder blade. the wounded man is reported as resting quietly to-night, and the attending physicians think he will recover, although his age, beyond sixty years, will tell against him. Lawrence surrendered himself to the sheriff after shooting and was lodged in jail.

Farmers Holding Back Crops.

Baltimore, Md., August 22.—The grain dealers complain bitterly that farmers in contiguous states are disregarding contracts and refusing to deliver wheat. Scarcely one-third of the crop on hand has been delivered, though nearly all had been contracted for verbally. A notable exception is the case of a Frederiek county farmer, who yesterday delivered 1600 bushels, for which he might have got $1.06 a bushel, for 70 cents, the price at which he agreed on August 20 to deliver it.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Andree and His Men.

It is now about five weeks since Herr Andree and his two companions set off from Tromsoe on their daring voyage to the north pole. What their fate has been is only a matter of conjecture, for notwithstanding the picked-up carrier pigeons, which are unmistakably frauds, there have been no authentic tidings since their departure. Dr. Nils Ekholman expert aeronaut, last year accompanied Herr Andree to Spitzbergen to take part in the voyage then proposed, but declined to go this year because he considered the balloon unsatisfactory in respect to its impermeability. He estimated the longest period the balloon could remain in the air was 24 days and that, in his opinion, was not sufficient to make a successful voyage across the polor or to the pole and back.

On the other hand, Mr. W. H. Gilder, of New York, who has had experience in polar explorations, though not in balloons, thinks that there is no reason as yet for discouragement. The voyage may be successful, but the voyagers be landed so remote from civilization that it would take a considerable time, perhaps several months, for them to reach a place where they could communicate with the world.

For daring they are above all other explorers in the history of the world, more daring even than Columbus, wonderfully as his exploit appeals to the imaginations when we consider the circumstances of the time, says the Chicago *Times-Herald*.

Herr Andree departing from Tromsoe and Christopher Columbus departing from Palos have much in common, both in their heroic equipment for their adventure and in the popular estimation of its madness. Hundreds of those who watched the ever-famous caravels disappear on the horizon's edge gave over all hope of ever seeing those venturous navigators again, and doubtless the same feeling animated the breasts of the spectators as they watched Andree's balloon ascend over the cliffs of Tromsoe, to be swallowed up in the abyss of heaven. Never, never again were those stout-hearted but foolhardy explorers to be seen of men! After long months of absence Columbus returned, the conqueror of a new world.

There is no reason to abandon hope that Andree and his companions may return.

President Borda Killed.

Montevido, Uruguay, August 25.—J. Idiarte Borda, president of Uruguay, was assassinated to-day while attending a fete in celebration of the indepencence of Uruguay, which was achieved on August 25, 1825. The weapon used was a revolver and the assassin was promptly arrested. The crime was committed as the president was leaving the cathedral, where a Te Deum had been sung. The assassin is a youth named Arredondo. President Borda died almost immediatelp after he was shot. Senor Cuestes, the president of the senate, has assumed the presidency of the republic ad interim.

Senor Borda was elected president of Uruguay for the term extending from March, 1894, to 1898. At the time of Senor Borda's election he belonged to the official party, and was elected by a very narrow majority. The people, it said, were sadly disappointed at the result, but order and quiet were maintained. The leading papers of Uruguay deplored the election of Senor Borda and declared that it marked a reaction in the country's progress.

Later President Borda issued a proclamation to the effect that his administration would conduct the business of the state in the interest of the whole nation and that he would invite the assistance of all political parties to that end. This proclamation made a very favorable impression.

Man and Woman Shot.

Philadelphia, August 23.—William Rooney, aged about twenty-five years, of 1224 North Fifth street, to-night shot and instantly killed Alphonso Picard, aged twenty five years, and shot and seriously wounded Verona Calheim, aged nineteen years. The motive for the crime was jealousy. Immediately after shooting Picard and the girl Rooney attempted to escape, but was captured by Policeman Tyson and a citizen. When taken to the police station Rooney's only excuse was that he "dis not propose to be made a guy of by a woman."

Picard was the proprietor of a bicycle store at 733 Giard avenue and had just come out of the place accompanied by the young woman. They had gone but a few steps when Rooney approached and opened fire. The first two shots went through Picard's heart and he fell dead. Three shots were then fired at Miss Callheim. Two struck her in the breasts and the third on the right side of the head. Rooney then tried to escape but was caught. The young woman was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where it was said her chances of recovery are slim.

Eloping Couple Loaded.

Jeffersonville, Ind., August 21.—Magistrate John Haus, of this city, was sitting in his offiee yesterday when the door opened and a stalwart young moonshiner, accompanied by an equally stalwart looking female, each carrying a large revolver, stalked into the room. The prospective groom demanded a private apartment, stating that they were an eloping couple, John W. Marshall and Patsy Parrett, of Greene county.

As he conducted the bride through the house and upstairs, he fastened another revolver to an immense watch chain she displayed, and laid one on the mantel in the squire's office. The groom explained that they expected to be interoepted in Louisville, and as his bride was "a good 'un we are prepared to have a nice little shooting party should any Louisville officer try to stop us." The squire married the couple.

Shooting in West Virginia.

Keystone, August 23.—Yesterday a shooting affray occurred between Policeman Carter Withers, John Stewart, and Sam Gossett who attempted to rescue prisoners from the officer. Withers was shot three times through the neck, lungs, and chest. Ten shots in all were fired. Policeman Cobbs was shot through the arm while attempting to arrest Gossett, who was shot by Cobbs. All are colored and excitement is high, with talk of lynching Stewart and Gossett. Withers is fatally wounded.

Sam Barley, a bystander, was hit by a stray ball, severing an artery. He bled almost to death before medical aid reached him.

BEACOM AND M'CAULEY.

Republicans Gather at Harrisburg to Name Them.

ELKIN TO BE CHAIRMAN AGAIN.

The State Committee Meet at 2 O'Clock This Afternoon—Several Contests to Be Decided—Anti-Quayites to Vote For Crawford For Treasurer—The Platform.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 25.—The state capital is filling up with delegates and politicians to attend the state Republican convention, which meets in the opera house tomorrow morning to nominate candidates for state treasurer and auditor general. The convention promises to be a harmonious gathering and dispose of its business in short order. There does not seem to be much doubt of the nomination of Major Levi G. McCauley of West Chester for auditor general and James S. Beacom of Westmoreland for state treasurer. Deputy Attorney General John P. Elkin of Indiana has no opposition for re-election as state chairman.

Beacom and McCauley have headquarters at the Lochiel House. Senator E. B. Hardenbergh of Wayne, who wants to be auditor general and R. Hathaway Shindel of York, who announces that he is still in the field for state treasurer, are also at the Lochiel. Neither is believed to have a show of nomination and it is doubtful if they will allow their names to go before the convention. The platform will reaffirm the principles of the St. Louis convention, praise the administrations of Governor Hastings and President McKinley and commend the course of Senators Quay and Penrose on the tariff question.

The proposition to insert a plank in the platform mildly censuring the late legislature for its failure to pass the civil service and non-political interference measures does not meet with favor among the delegates and party leaders. Several of the delegates are members of the legislature, and they declare they will make a fight on the platform on the floor of the convention if the resolutions committee reports such a plank.

The state committee met at 2 o'clock this afternoon to make up the roll of delegates and arrange other preliminaries. Notices of contest have been filed from Somerset county and the Third, Fifteenth and Twenty seventh districts of Philadelphia. The committee may also be called upon to decide whether Charles Straghn or Joseph R. Wyatt is the delegate from the First legislative district from Schuylkill county. Straghn holds the credentials, but Wyatt declares his election was irregular and may contest.

The anti-Quay delegates have not yet indicated what action they will take in the convention. They are sure to vote for McCauley, and it is likely Senator John W. Crawford of Allegheny will be their choice for state treasurer. Crawford has been endorsed by 31 of the 30 delegates from Allegheny county, but has never made a formal announcement of his candidacy, and his most sanguine friends are willing to admit that he will not have more than 50 out of the 363 votes in the convention.

Long Joins Naval Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The Dolphin, with Secretary Long on board, has arrived at Bar Harbor, where the North Atlantic squadron is at present. The secretary may review some evolutions of the fleet before it sails for Hampton Roads.

Is Life Worth Living?

It's here's an individual on earth who is ever at war for thus interrogating himself, it is the unhappy victim of all the effects from malaria in some of its diabolical forms. This is no difficult conundrum however. Life is worth living for any man or woman who enjoys good health, and is not harrassed by a reproachful conscience. The malarial scourge, heavily laid on, is a terrible one for the poor sufferer to endure. A series of frezings, scorchings and sweats—the last leaving one as limp and as strengthless as a dish rag, are hard indeed, recurring as they do with deadish regularity. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the world-wide known preventive and curative of this class of maladies, either in the form of ague or fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake. Used with persistence they will rely upon, eradicate disease from the system. They also conquer rheumatism, kidney and bladder complaints, re wounds, dyspepsia, liver complaint and constipation, and renew fading strength.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pa., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the premises in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 4TH, 1897,

at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Allegheny, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of George Hald, Henry Cooper, Peter McCoy, George Delaney, Joseph Sharp and Silas Donoughe, containing

77 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected a TWO-STORY

PLANK HOUSE

a barn and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale, the balance of one-third at the confirmation of the sale, one-third in six months and the remaining third in twelve months from the confirmation of sale Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser. EMORY L. SMITH,

Administrator of the estate of John Dougherty, Allegheny township, August 13, 1897 3t.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned will sell at private sale her farm in Allegheny township, one-half mile from Loretto, containing

Eighty Acres,

70 of which are cleared with a good house and barn, and a plentiful supply of good spring water. The farm will be sold at a bargain. For price and terms apply to W. A. B. LITTLE, Loretto, Pa. MRS. M. McCOLGAN.

Aug 27 '97 3

THE FARQUHAR

PATENT VARIABLE FRICTION FEED
Best Set Works in the World.

Saw Mill & Engine

Received the Medal and Highest Award at the World's Columbian Exposition.

Warranted the best made. Shingle Mills, Machinery and Standard Agricultural Implements of Best Quality at lowest prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue

A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd.,
YORK, PENNA.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm (large profits, quick sale). SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. A[illegible], 849 Broadway, N. Y.

B. & B.

New Goods

beginning to arrive—boxes and cases being received every day—we must have room for them—have made prices on nice, good goods that will clear cut out this wanted shelf space in such vigorous manner as it was never done before.

50 and 75-cent all wool and silk mixed Dress Goods— 42 to 48 inches wide,

25 and 35c. a Yard

—choice serviceable styles—splendid for girls' fall school suits

Fine Novelty Mixtures, some of which were a dollar fifty, before sold at

50c. a Yard.

—for early fall and traveling suits, and separate dress skirts they're money's worth unapproached

Write for samples—let goods and prices show what a chance this is.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

This Is Your Opportunity.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate the great merits of the remedy.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren St., New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for catarrh and contains no mercury, nor any injurious drug. Price 50 cents.

Home Comfort Range.

Many farmers in Cambria county are using the Home Comfort Range.

Here are a few of the many testimonials we have received:

Having used a Home Comfort Range five years we are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; for heating and baking it is superior to all other ranges; it taking one half the fuel of our former stove; also for cleanline s it cannot be surpassed; and an ample supply of hot water at all times.

MR. and MRS. DANIEL GRIFFITH,
Ebensburg, Pa.

P. J. CRAMER,
Loretto, Pa.

Ten years ago we purchased from one of your wagons a Home Comfort Range and are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; it is a great fuel saver; a splendid baker; and in all and more than represented to be; we would not part with it for twice the price of the range if we could not get another; we can cheerfully recommend the Home Comfort Range to anyone wishing a first-class range. For cleanliness and durability it has no equal.

ELIZABETH FYE, Loretto, Pa.
D. D. MILLER, Ebensburg, Pa.

We have used the Home Comfort Range for five years and are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; we would not do without ours; we would recommend them above all others.

J. L. YEAKLEY,
Summit, Pa.

Having used a Home Comfort Range for five years we can cheerfully recommend it to anyone wishing a first class cooking range.

JOSEPH E. KENRODE,
Loretto, Pa.
JOS. M. ROLAND,
Summit, Pa.

The Ranges are Sold Direct From the Wagons.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, of Clearfield county, Pa., the undersigned assignees of William Curran, of Houtzdale borough, will expose to public sale at the Central Hotel, in the borough of Houtzdale, Pa., on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 2ND, 1897,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described tracts and pieces of land, to-wit:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Spangler, Cambria county, Pa. bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Crawford avenue and South Fifth street; thence by line of said Crawford avenue, in a northerly direction 50 feet, to corner of lot No 81, Section B, thence by line of lot No 84 in a westerly direction 141 feet and 75-100 of a foot to line of an alley; thence by line of said alley and South Fifth street by equal lines and parallel with the two first lines to the place of beginning, known as lot No. 83, Section B.

Also that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Spangler, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Bigler avenue and Baker street; thence by line of said Bigler avenue in a northerly direction 50 feet to the corner of Lot No. 42; thence by line of said lot in an easterly direction 141 75 100 feet to a post on line of alley, thence by line of said alley and Baker street, by lines equal and parallel with first two lines, to place of beginning and being known as lot No. 43, Section 47, in said borough.

Also all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Hastings, County of Cambria, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post 75 feet northwest from the southwest corner of Beaver and Fourth streets; bounded along the line of said Beaver street 25 feet to a post, thence eastward along the northern line of lot 251, 150 feet to an alley; thence northwest along the line of said alley 25 feet to a post; thence westward 150 feet to Beaver street the place of beginning, being ½ of lot of ground containing 25 feet on Beaver street and extending back 150 feet and being ½ of lot No. 252 in the general plan of said borough, having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY

FRAME BUILDING,

occupied as a store room and dwelling; also a stable and other outbuildings.

Excepting and reserving from all of the aforesaid described pieces or parcels of Real Estate the Coal and Minerals, with the Mining rights and reservations as contained in the several deeds of conveyance to William Curran, the assignor.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of bill to be paid when the property is struck off and balance to be paid when the sale is confirmed by the Court.

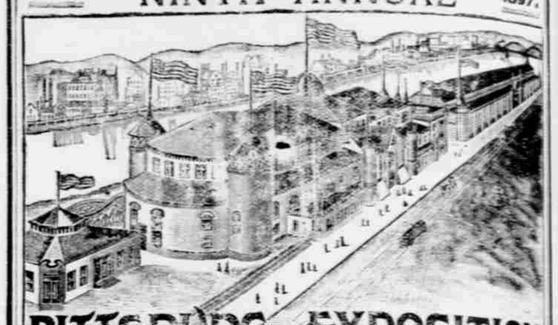
JOHN G. CURRAN,
JOHN G. PLATT,
Assignees of Wm. Curran.
Houtzdale, Pa., July 15, 1897 3t 4t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Diehl and wife, of Portage borough, by deed of voluntary assignment, assigned and transferred to the undersigned all his property, real and personal, in trust for the benefit of creditors. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. ALLISON,
Assignee of Albert Diehl and wife.
Portage Pa., July 1, 1897. 1696.

1897. NINTH ANNUAL 1897.



PITTSBURG EXPOSITION

Opens Sept. 1, Closes Oct. 16.

8 FAMOUS BANDS 8

SOUSA AND HIS BAND. | Brooke, and his CHICAGO MARINE BAND. | THE GREAT Bellstedt-Ballenberg BAND

PAWNEE BILL'S WILD WEST AND MEXICAN HIPPODROME.

THE ABOVE ARE AMONG THE MANY NEW ATTRACTIONS THIS YEAR

The WEDDING CEREMONY

is by far the most important event of your life, but it is soon over and it wi l take something more substantial to remind you of it ever after.

This is the Wedding Ring of which I have a good stock on hand to select from as a first step. After that you can cement your happiness of married life by adding from time to time a nice Set Ring or any other nice piece of Jewelry you may think of. My stock is always complete in everything in that line from a Silver Thimble to a Diamond Ring. You are invited to call and examine my stock.

CARL RIVINIUS.

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

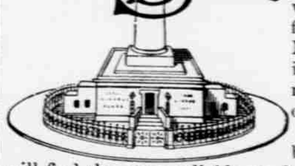
From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your potronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

339 97.

When You Visit

ALTOONA

CALL AT



High Art Clothing

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

INKS.

You use ink, of course, most everyone does. Then you will be pleased to learn that we have been able to place before our trade the FINEST assortment to be had. We have an ink for fine writing and book keeping that neither fades nor corrodes. If you use copying ink or do ornamental penmanship, we have the kind of ink you want. If you need a red ink or a paste or glue that will stick anything, we can supply you. Our student's ink stand is unique. Stop in and see our stock.

DAVSIONS' - DRUG - STORE

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

5.9531 Formerly of Carrolltown.

QUINN'S

CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN,

Offers the Greatest Advantages to shoppers in Ebensburg and vicinity. We are the Grand Central Depot for Dry Goods, Millinery, Laces, Furs, Cloaks and Suits. Samples sent on application.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

1847. - - - - - AUGUST 27, 1897.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

A Thompson has been appointed ...ster at Lilly.

...Harry Wilbur, of this place, spent ...days in Pittsburg this week.

...J. F. McKenrick and son, Ivan, ...week visiting friends in Pittsburg.

...J. Moore and wife, of Clearfield, ...ended friends in Ebensburg this ...

...Rhoddy, of St. Lawrence, ...few hours in Ebensburg on Tues...

...Archbishop Ryan, of Phila... was a visitor to Ebensburg on ...

...ber that Saturday is the Demo... primary election. Send good men ...

...and Mrs. Philip Sanders, of Munns... spent a few hours in Ebens... Tuesday.

...T. B. O'Hara, the liveryman, has ...ased the property of Wm. S. Steph... Julian street.

...ding work on the new hotel ...corner of High and Centre streets, ...menced on Tuesday.

...Fred Frantz, of Pittsburg, a form... of Barr township, was a visi... Ebensburg on Wednesday.

...Mary McGough, of Portage, who is ...ed with rape by an Italian girl of ...ority, has fled the country.

...M. Mevelgan, offers a good farm ...ellers township, at private sale. ...ertisement in another column.

...E. E. Jones has an ad in this is... the FREEMAN inviting people at... the Ebensburg fair to call at her ...

...year-old Daniel Korb, of Trout... Cambria county, stepped on a rusty ...ago and died Saturday from ...

...work train killed a valuable cow ...ging Albert Apel, of this place, ...ay morning, near Edward Owens' ...mill.

...heat reached the dollar mark at ...York Friday, and the prediction is ...it will reach $2 on account of ...ge in the European crop.

...Joseph Griffin, of Munster towns... accompanied by two little sons of Mr. ...a Parish, of Pittsburg, spent a few ...s in Ebensburg on Thursday.

...Bedford *Inquirer* says that dur... the months nine barns were de... by fire in that county. Of the ...s caught fire from lightning.

...Atlantic Refining company has an ...nouncement in this issue calling atten... to the fact that they will have an exhibit ...r gasoline stoves at the Ebensburg ...

...On Monday Miss Maria E. Monahan, ...ter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. ...han, of Altoona, entered upon her ...iate as a member of the Sisters of St. ...ph in this place.

...Mrs. Vallie Glass and daughter, of ...ood, Pa., Miss Maude O'Neill, of ...ore, and Misses Josie and Eva ...es, of Munster township, were visi... in Ebensburg on Tuesday.

...Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Valentine ...mm, died at her home in Carroll town... on Sunday morning, August 22, 1897, ...ged 59 years. She is survived by ...husband and several children.

...The death of one mule and the sick... of several others at the works of the ...ional Company at Hastings with... any special cause, has led some people ...ve that the animals were poisoned.

...A monument is to be erected next sum... on the capitol grounds at Harrisburg ...ory of the late Major General Hart ... It will be a bronze equestrian statue, ...ll be placed in front of the new cap...

...Robert Luther, who was hit on the ...d with a stone in the quarrel between ...Soldiers and the Peoples at Mudtown, ...ar Altoona, Saturday, August 7th, ...ed at his home in Collinsville, a village ...Altoona, last Saturday morning at ...clock.

...Edmund Bender, of Johnstown, em... of the Johnson company, of that ...n, a moulder, committed suicide on ...ight by taking a dose of morphine. ...ased was a native of Stoystown, ...set county, and was about 45 years ...

...On Thursday of last week, while Mrs. ...Patterson and her children of Pat... were visiting friends at Westover, ...ford county, Edith, the youngest, ...ut one year and six months old, ...ccidentally fell off of a porch floor on the ...nd and broke her right arm.

...J. P. Thompson, a brakeman on the ...Penn railroad, while on a trip from ...to Allegheny Junction, was killed ...the Pennsylvania railroad, west of the ...e station, at an early hour Thurs... morning. He was aged 37 years, and ...a wife and four or five children.

...Mrs. Margaret Razer, aged seventy... years, died at her home in New Right... Pa. Sunday morning. She was a ...ter of Christopher Gumbert, one of ...original settlers of Westmoreland ...y. Married James Razer in early life, ...she had resided in New Brighton for forty ...

...The postmaster-general on Friday ...ed the formal order for the establish... of the free-delivery service at Indi... Pa., on December 1st. Only two car... will be allowed at the start, instead ...the four Congressman Robbins asked ...and expected. Twenty one Loxes will ...

...Hereafter the employes of the Phila... & Reading Railroad company, on ...ain line and branches, must pay their ...bts. The following order has been is... "All Philadelphia & Reading rail... employes incurring debts and failing to ...y them in due time will subject them... to dismissal. All complaints will be ...mptly investigated."

...Mrs. Mary Beck, who lives about two ...s from Cherrytree, and who some ...s ago celebrated the 100th anniver... of her birth, came to that town Sat... day and boarded the train to enjoy her ...ride. Mrs. Beck had never even seen ...cars before and her wonder and de... light alike contributed to. She rode ...a while and enjoyed it heartily.

...James P. Sullivan, foreman for Con... tractors Drake, Stratton & Co. who are ...ballasting the tracks on the Pennsyl... railroad at Nineveh, was killed on ...railroad near Sonmon on Tuesday ...ing, it is supposed by falling from a ...ght train. His body was found lying ...by the track. Sullivan was about 45 years ...of age and a short time ago resided at ...Conger.

...The large new barn of Ex-Congress... man H. H. Coffroth, near Somerset, was ...burned to the ground early on Friday morn... ing, with all its contents, causing a loss of ...about $10,000, partially covered by insurance. ...The origin of the fire was discovered in the ...morning hours. This is the second barn ...burned in that town, but it ...was extinguished by the fire com... pany. In both cases it is believed to have ...been the work of incendiaries, but there is ...no clue to them.

—On Thursday afternoon of last week the dwelling house on the farm occupied by Bert Ager, in Cambria township, five miles north of Ebensburg, caught fire from a defective flue and was burned to the ground.

—In the old civil docket recently brought to light in the court house at Greensburg, Pa., there are several cases recorded against George Washington. In the course of the year 1787 three claims were entered against him to compel him to pay taxes. The humorous clerk of that time has written the following under the claims: "George, Washington, esq., appeareth not to like taxes."

—On Monday of last week, while Aaron Weakland and Frank Little were leading two fattened steers from a farm in White township, to Patton, one of the beasts became enraged and attacked Mr. Weakland in a vicious manner with its horns, cutting an ugly gash under his chin about two inches long, which required four stitches by the surgeon, and at present Mr. Weakland is nursing a very sore neck.

—The three mile extension of the Altoona division of the Pennsylvania railroad leading from Covedale to Cedar Brook, Blair county, has been completed, and on Monday three large limestone quarries were opened. The quarries are owned by J. D. Hicks & Son, of Altoona, and will be operated by Youngstown, O., capitalists for the Pittsburg market. Fully two hundred men will be given employment.

—For the Pennsylvania Tri-County and State fair, to be held at Johnstown, Pa., September 6th to 11th, inclusive, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell, on those days, special excursion tickets to Johnstown and return, from Altoona, Greensburg, and intermediate stations, from Blairsville, Indiana and intermediate stations, and from stations on the Cambria and Clearfield division. Tickets will be good for return passage until September 12th, inclusive.

—John D. Davis, an old citizen of Barr township, died at his home near Nicktown, on Thursday morning of last week, aged 83 years. He is survived by his wife and seven children, six sons, namely, Evan, of Clarion county; Jonathan and Thomas, of Colorado; David and Daniel, of Johnstown, and William of Ebensburg, and one daughter, Sarah, wife of Evan Williams, of Indiana county. His remains were interred in Lloyd's cemetery, in Ebensburg on Saturday.

—One of the numerous deputy sheriffs engaged in keeping the peace in Allegheny county last week shot and killed another deputy sheriff near Turtle Creek. To the everlasting credit of the striking miners in that section, on hearing of the occurrence, they held a meeting and appointed a committee to wait on the sheriff of Allegheny county and tender their services to the sheriff to aid in preserving the peace among the deputies.

—John L. Stough, Philip Jones, George Gurley, James A. Myers, Dr. Davison, J. M. Thompson, Ollie Stough, Gernie Curry and John Clement, of Ebensburg; Simon Adams, of Blacklick township; Major W. H. H. Bell, L. S. Bell, Charles Anna, Ruel Somerville, C. W. Hodgkins, Paul Yahner, Mr. and Mrs. John Cordell and Mr. and Mrs. James Mellon, of Patton, and James Wharton and Simon Nagle, of Clearfield township, are taking in the G. A. R., encampment at Buffalo, this week.

—The big barn of David C. Fox, near Tarr Station, Westmoreland county, was fired by an incendiary Sunday night and burnt to the ground. Mr. Fox untied his best horse and got him to the door when the smoke and fire caused the animal to turn back and jump into the feed gang. He tried to get another horse out, but did not succeed. He lost all his crops three horses, all his farm implements and wagon shed. It was a large barn though old. One horse was saved, a boy being away driving with it.

—On Sunday afternoon while John Masden, the toll gate keeper above Mill Hall, in Centre county, was driving to his farm with one hand, he had a horse behind the vehicle which he led with the other, having the strap wrapped around his hand. One of the horses frightened and in his effort to control the animal the thumb of the hand which was holding the strap was torn from the socket, a shred of flesh only holding it. The injured man came back to Mill Hall, where the thumb was amputated close to the hand.

—The large barn of the Pennsylvania State college was completely destroyed by fire on Friday evening. It broke out about fifteen minutes of seven and by nine o'clock the large building was burned to the ground. All the live stock and farming machinery were saved and, by strenous efforts on the part of the people, the fire was prevented from spreading to other buildings. A large building, standing not more than fifty feet from the barn, escaped with a slight scorching. All this years crop of hay and grain was totally consumed by the fierce flames.

—One of our exchanges propounds the following: "You can any day see a white horse; why do you never see a white colt? Why does a horse eat grass backward and a cow forward? Why does a hop vine always wind one way and a bean another? where should the inside of a chimney be bigger, at the top or bottom, and why? Can you tell why a horse tethered with a rope always unravels it, while a cow twists it into knots? Why do leaves turn upside down before a rain? What is the length of a flour barrel? What animals have no upper teeth in front, and why?"

—On September 1st Frailey Bros., of Irvona, who have been conducting a clothing and gents' furnishing business at that place, will remove to Ebensburg where they will embark in the same business. They have proved themselves capable of taking care of their business, and are honest and upright in their dealings. We wish them abundant success in their new location and can cheerfully recommend them to the people of Ebensburg and vicinity. Their opening will take place Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, September 6, 7 and 8.—*Coalport Standard.*

—The Pennsylvania railroad is preparing to compete with Carnegie's new road in the ore hauling trade by putting on the Pittsburg and Erie line a system of monster freight engines and cars, all controlled by air brakes. The first of five big freight engines intended for this purpose will leave the Juniata shops on September 20. The cars will have a capacity of 100,000 pounds. The engines will have twice the hauling capacity of the ordinary class R freight engine, the boiler 72 inches in diameter, 34 feet long, containing 318 flues and carrying 210 pounds of steam. It is expected to haul 45 loaded cars over the Pittsburg division. The heaviest engines now haul 30 cars each.

—William Moore, the self-confessed robber of the Barnesboro postoffice, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor in the Hollidaysburg jail on Wednesday morning. Moore borrowed a razor from a fellow prisoner to shave, and after shaving, drew the razor across his throat, cutting a gash from ear to ear. His cell-mate, on seeing the blood gushing from the wound, rushed on Moore and wrested the razor from him before he succeeded in making a fatal wound. The gash required sixteen stitches to close it up but it was not quite deep enough to cause death. In a letter written to the warden, Moore denies that he was one of the parties that committed the outrage on the Devers in Munster township, and says that his identity is unknown.

Real Estate Transfers.

Cambria Iron company to James L. Sensebaugh, East Taylor; consideration, $230.

Henry A. Addelman et ux. to Ella B. Culp, Patton, $250.

Margaret Mary Sharp et al. to W. W. Amsbry, Allegheny, $1,800.

Abraham Angus et ux. to Thomas Martin, East Taylor, $80.

William H. Reighard et ux. to W. J. Martin, East Taylor, $650.

Daniel S. McAnulty et ux. to Amos A. Grumbling, Barnesboro, $1.

Sara Ann Kuntz et vir to John Holsopple, Stonycreek, $500.

Joseph Stibich et ux. to Marko Puhak, Johnstown, $1,100.

Edward R. Adams et ux. to Joseph M. Bradley, Gallitzin borough, $100.

Margaret Bradley to Joseph M. Bradley, Gallitzin borough, $200.

George W. W. Amick et ux. to Norris D. Orms, Johnstown, $400.

Ann Delainey to W. W. Amsbry, Allegheny, $1,833.

Demetrius A. McGough et ux. to W. W. Amsbry, $1,151.

J. L. Spangler, trustee, to Andrew Smith, Spangler, $150.

E James Wilson to Andrew Smith, Summerhill borough, $500.

Andrew Veresch et ux. to Inter-State Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $1.

William Walker et ux. to John F. Walker, Johnstown, $531.

Emil Chappy et ux. to Hugh W. Orner, Morrellville, $1.

Executors of Michael Donovan et al. to Philip Anstitt, Ebensburg, $800.

Henry H. Kuhn et ux. to Inter-State Building & Loan association, Lower Yoder township and Morrellville, $1.

Morrellville Building & Loan association to Martin Fix, Westmont, $1,100.

Hiram Shaffer et ux. to Josiah Helsel, Scalp Level, $2,600.

John G. Platt et ux. to H. S. Buck, Patton, $450.

Susan Himmelwright et al. to Howard Himmelwright, Allegheny, $1.

Thomas A. Coons et ux. to Howard Himmelright et al., Allegheny, $10.

Howard Himmelwright et ux. to W. W. Amsbry, Allegheny, $1.

Benjamin H. Vaughn et al. to W. W. Amsbry, Allegheny $170.

Charles Von Lunen et ux. to Annie M. Riffle, Johnstown, $300.

Get a Permit.

The *Mountaineer* thought the FREEMAN was in error when it stated that more work has been done on our streets this summer than usual. The fact is that less work than usual has been done. Street Commissioner Apel has had a very small force under him and the most of the work done on the streets, such as building sewers, making pavements, hauling away old buildings, etc., has not tended to their improvement, but to their detriment.—*Gosling.*

The FREEMAN was not in error and no crooked statement by the *Gosling* can make it appear so. The FREEMAN did not state that "more work has been done on our streets this summer than usual." What the FREEMAN stated was this:

"There has been more work done on the streets and pavements of Ebensburg this summer than in any year since the encorporation of the borough."

All of which is correct as every man, woman and child outside of the "kindergarten" establishment in Ebensburg, knows.

The "building of sewers, making pavements, hauling away old buildings, etc., may have caused some inconvenience, for the time being, but the improvements are permanent, and for the lasting good of the town.

While the FREEMAN is not in political accord with the borough fathers of Ebensburg, a majority of them being Republicans, we believe in giving them full credit for what they are entitled to and for their efforts in sewering the East end of Ebensburg, the FREEMAN gives them all praise. As the "making pavements, hauling away old buildings, etc.," were individual undertakings, the individuals guilty of the indiscretions complained of by the *Gosling* can each answer for himself. It may even be possible that Messrs. Barker Bros., J. B. Denny, J. G. Lloyd and Thomas Davis, who are the chief offenders, may, rather than cause continued offense to the *Gosling*, have the old buildings and pavements, etc., put back in place and the new ones removed when they find that, in the estimation of the *Gosling*, they are a "detriment." It may be well for the people of Ebensburg who contemplate improvements in the future to get a *Gosling* permit. It may save them heaps of trouble.

New Law as to Sale of Cheese

The new state law (Act of June 23, 1897,) to regulate the manufacture and sale of cheese, provides that all cheese sold or offered for sale after August 23d, must be distinctly stamped with the name and address of the manufacturer and the grade of the cheese; for establishing the grade the law permits five qualities, viz: "Full Cream," "three-fourths cream," "One-half cream," "one fourth cream," and "skimmed cheese." It also provides that the grade of "full cream" must contain not less than 25 per cent. of butter fat and that the other grades must show 24 and 16 per cent. respectively and that all cheese which will not show 8 per cent. must be labelled "skimmed cheese."

The penalty for failure to comply with any of the provisions of the law is a fine of from fifty to one hundred dollars and all costs of suit, analyses, selection of samples, etc., and the fine goes to the Department of Agriculture to be devoted to the expence of enforcing the provisions of the act.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, August 26th, 1897:

William Zenges and Olive B. Zimmerman, Johnstown.

Louis J. Foerster and Clara B. Shirey, Johnstown.

Frank B. Harpster and Mary J. Myers, Glasgow.

John Strucek, Patton, and Annie Malovisk, Barnesboro.

Fred Lorenzo and Nellie Stuthers, Portage.

Charles Chappel and Annie Elizabeth Rose, Summerhill township.

Sheridan E. Elliott and Amanda Bougher, Barr township.

John Thomas and Maggie E. Heisel, Johnstown.

Irvin Plummer and Ida May Wright, Summerhill.

—The Board of Farmers' Institute managers met at Cresson a few days ago for the purpose of fixing the time and place for holding institutes in this county. The members present were Hon. J. J. Thomas, member of the State Board of Agriculture, chairman; John Lloyd, representing the Ebensburg Agricultural association; H. J. Krumenacher, of the Cambria County Agricultural association, and John Rickets, who represented the Grange. It was decided to hold a two-day institute in the south of the county, the place to be selected by Mr. Thomas and Mr. Hostetler, of Richland township. Also one-day institutes at Spangler and Loretto. The dates will be fixed and announced hereafter.

—Raymond Robinson, aged 6 years, son of Samuel Robinson, residing one mile west of the three culverts, near Altoona, on the Pennsylvania railroad, on Friday afternoon on his way home from picking berries slipped and fell in front of a train of moving cars. The cars passed over one leg, crushing it so badly that, when the boy was taken to the hospital, it had to be amputated. It was the left leg that was injured and it had to be taken off above the knee.

Correspondence.

Carrolltown, Pa., Aug. 25, 1897.

ED. FREEMAN:—On next Saturday will be the Democratic primary or delegate election. We hope that all districts of the county will be represented by good and true Democrats as delegates to the convention on Monday next. That our convention will be harmonious we have no doubt and that they will select good men to the franchise of the people, men of tried and sterling Democracy, men of ability and without blemish to fill the offices at the ensuing election, is the heartfelt wish of the writer. By so doing we feel confident that the Democracy of Cambria will get on its feet again, for can we not trace our defeat in this county to dissessions among ourselves? The bitterness which was engendered among democratic office seekers was the cause of the dismemberment of of our party in Cambria.

We now believe that all is harmony and if the delegates select good men from among our party we will win the fight at the coming election for, as we remarked last week, there is a growing dissession among the rank and file of the Republicans of our county. Let every lover of the good cause put his shoulder to the wheel and keep the Democratic van moving, and we feel assured that after the November election we can shout, victory.

LOCALS.

On Monday evening the new barn of Mr. Michael Lantzy, of Susquehanna township, near Spangler, was struck by lightning and with its contents entirely consumed. The barn was filled to overflowing with the year's harvest. He succeeded in saving his horses and a wagon. Mr. Lantzy and his son were in the barn when struck. There was an insurance of $800.

We have had several severe electrical storms in this section lately.

Mr. Thomas Illig is digging a cellar under his recently acquired property in town and otherwise improving it.

Sheriff Gray is putting an expensive addition to his business block on Main street.

The mines in this vicinity have all the orders they can handle at present. A scarcity of coal cars is the complaint at present.

The new Cambria county railroad is having all the coal freight they can haul at present.

A little son of George Grinaway at McGonigal's mines, will be compelled to undergo an amputation of one on his legs, as mortification has set in. He had it crushed about ten weeks ago. Drs. Rice and Sloan will perform the operation.

Quite an accident occurred at C. A. Farabaugh's brewery on Tuesday evening, in the engine room. The belt flew off the governor and the machinery ran at a tremendous pace. The large belt wheel burs-ted and flew into fragments, knocking loose a steam pipe which allowed the steam to escape quickly and stopped the running of the engine. The damage is slight and no person was injured, the fireman having just left the engine room.

Next week our town will be enlivened by the Kickapoo Indian medicine show.

DEATHS.

On Saturday last Mrs. Elizabeth Dumm, wife of Valentine Dumm, of Carroll township, departed this life after a lingering illness. Her remains were interred in St. Benedict's cemetery on Tuesday and was followed to the grave by a large number of friends and relatives.

D. A. McGough, Esq., of whose illness we made mention two weeks ago, died on monday evening. He was afflicted with catarrah of the stomach. He leaves to mourn him a large family and a numerous relationship. He was aged about 55 years and was a prominent citizen of Allegheny township. His remains were interred in St. Michael's cemetery, at Loretto, on Wednesday. Rest in peace.

MORE ANON.

Sheriff's Sales.

Sheriff Coulter will offer at sheriff's sale, at the court house, in Ebensburg, on Monday, September 6th, 1897, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following properties.

The Interest of Andrew Long, in 144 acres and 157 perches of land in Susquehanna township, having thereon a two-story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

The interest of Thomas Munroe in a lot of ground in Gallitzin borough fronting on Main street, having thereon a large frame building containing 8 rooms and a store room, a stable and other outbuildings.

The interest of Samuel Kirkpatrick in a lot of ground in Patton borough.

The interest of Augustine Sutton in a lot of ground in Gallitzin borough, fronting on Forest street, having thereon a two-story frame house and other outbuildings.

The interest of W. J. Jones in a lot of ground in Portage borough, having thereon two two-story frame dwelling houses, each containing 6 rooms.

The interest of John Bergerholtz in a lot of ground in Elder township, on the old public road leading from Hastings to Plattville, having thereon a two-story dwelling house and other outbuildings.

The interest of Washko Bookwak in a lot of ground in Richland township, having thereon a two-story plank dwelling house and a plank stable.

The interest of Benno Stich in a lot or piece of land in Carrolltown borough.

The interest of William Townsend and S. R. Kirkpatrick, terre tennant, in a lot of ground in Hastings borough, having thereon a two-story frame house used as a hotel and a dwelling house.

The interest of Matthias Shortencarrier and Eliza Jane Shortencarrier in 39 acres of land in Susquehanna township.

The interest of Orvill Keough in a lot of ground in Hastings borough, having thereon a two-story dwelling house containing five rooms.

The interest of Andrew Longerbaum in a lot of ground in Elder township, having thereon a new two-story dwelling house.

Terms of sale: One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of deed.

Confessed the Crime.

William A. Moore and John Lewis, the men accused of robbing the Barnesboro postoffice, were arranged before United States Commissioner McLeod, at Tyrone, on Thursday afternoon of last week. Post-office Inspector W. W. Dickson, of Pittsburg, conducted the examination.

Postmaster Edward Huver, of Barnesboro, was the wrst witness. He identified the stamps found on Moore as the same in amount and denomination as had been taken from his safe. The official envelope in which they were kept, and from which they had never been removed, was addressed to Barnesboro. He also identified a registered package, numbered 31,117, and produced his registry book, showing that a record had been made of it.

The paper money stolen from the office had been wrapped in a handkerchief. It was identified by a $5 bill with a small hole burned in it. The silver money was identified by a dollar with the letter A scratched on it.

The evidence against the men was conclusive and Moore was held in $2,000 and Lewis in $1,500 bail for court.

After the hearing Moore confessed to the robbery, but said Lewis was not with him at the time but had met him at Patton the next day.

—A special train on Sunday conveyed a number of Ebensburg people to Patton, being attracted thither by a colored camp meeting in progress in a grove at that place. The camp meeting was there—was attended by a large crowd of white people, but the colored population was few and for between.

Miscellaneous Notices.

EIGHT valuable properties for sale. Call on or address JAMES NULTY, Atty. at Law and Real Estate Agt., Carrolltown, Pa.

WHY pay retail prices? LEUIS will take your order for a First Class sewing machine, warranted TEN YEARS for $13.00

ONE HUNDRED head "O I C" and Poland China hogs all ages and size and some fine bred sows for sale at the farm of A. E. MARSH, one mile east of Ebensburg

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rhey Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in AUGUST, $2,000.00 THOS. DAVIS, President
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary.

FOR SALE—Twenty fresh milch cows with cows with calves for sale at Hanger's farm one mile west of Ebensburg by DENNY & KIMBALL.
Aug. 13 '97. 3t.

TWO cows strayed away from the Hanger farm in Cambria township, about ten days ago They are supposed to have calves by this time. Any person knowing their whereabouts will confer a favor by sending word to DENNY & KIMBALL.
Aug. 13, '97. tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

A Few Very Good Offers—Just as many as we can mention in this space. A postal card will tell all about fifty others just as good, if you will mention for what particular thing you are looking.

SELLING TABLE LINENS at prices which you will not see on them again;—at any rate not until the tariff changes once more. The old prices are maintained here, in spite of a rise of over 25 per cent. in the tariff. Send for samples and prices.

SELLING INDIA SILKS, the heavy rich kinds which can be worn clear into snow time, for 35C. A YARD. A week ago they cost 75c. and 85c. a yard. Very handsome patterns. Send for samples.

SELLING SHIRT WAISTS, the "Star" and "Fisk, Clark and Flagg's makes, a lot of about sixty dozen, in exce'lent patterns, at at $1.25 EACH. We reduced these the first of the week, from $2.50 and $3.50.

SELLING BICYCLES, a lot of odd wheels, but all new, at very much less than half price. Write about these—they are fine bargains.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

No. 5,084.

THE
First National Bank
OF EBENSBURG, PA.

ALVIN EVANS, President.
M. D. KITTELL, V. Prest.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
R. SCANLAN, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Alvin Evans. M. D. Kittell,
F. H. Barker. S. W. Davis.
Webster Griffith. E. James.
A. W. Buck.

A general banking business transacted in all its branches.

Accounts of merchants, farmers and others solicited.

All the readers of this paper who expect to attend the Fair at Ebensburg next week are cordially invited to come to our store and make it their headquarters during that time.

A choice new line of DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS AND MILLINERY will be open for your inspection by that time.

Mrs. R. E. Jones.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

We the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Clearfield townships hereby give notice to the public not to trespass on our lands. Any one found trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
(Signed) John Sutton, H. S Sprout, T. C Miller, James T. Sutton, Jos. J. Weber, H. G Conrad, Edward Ivory, Joseph A. Krise, Mrs. B. Wills, John M'Dermitt, Joseph Sutton, August Shoffner, Theodore Storm, Alex Ivory, John Gleak, Jacob Fckenrode, Philip A Gray, Geo. M. Sanker, D M Kratzer Henry J. Conrad, Wm Bush, Mrs. Geo. F King, Robert Johnston, John E. Mansfield, Francis H. Rasal, James H. Maloney, John Rabus, Geo. Seymore, Bridget Tomlinson, Mrs. Albert Rhoa, C. B. Moyers, Josephine Huffman, Frankie Feicht, Dr. W. H. Summerville, Simon P. McMullen and John McCoy, Mrs Cornelius Sutton May 1, 1897 1 yr

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having been appointed auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to distribute the funds in the hands of Joseph A. Gray, assignee of Edward Farabaugh et ux., as shown by his account, I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on SATURDAY, AUGUST 28TH, 1897, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund
H. H. MYERS,
Aug 13, '97. 3t. Auditor

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H. H MYERS,
Aug. 13, '97. 3t. Auditor

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Henry Mansfield, deceased.
Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned in the estate of Henry Mansfield, late of Ashville; Cambria county, Pa. deceased, notice is hereby given to all those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN D. GALLAHERTY,
J. J. RHODY,
July 30, 1897. 6t. Executors.

STRAY MULES.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, residing in Portage township, on the 25th day of July, last, two mules, one bay and one black, both small, the black the largest, with no particular marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.
J. G. BRAWLEY,
Aug. 13, '97. 3t. Portage township.

STRAY NOTICE.

There came to the premises of the subscriber in White township, Cambria county, on or about the 9th day of August, 1897, a flock of 21 turkeys, (3 old ones and 18 half grown ones.) The owner or said turkeys is hereby notified to come and prove property, pay charges and take them away otherwise they will be disposed of according to law. SEBASTIAN BAKER,
White township, Aug. 13, 1897. 2t 3c.
St. Augustine, P O.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE to both sexes. Write quick CO. A. SCOTT, New York City

WESTON'S
COMPLETE : STORE,
GALLITZIN, PA.

Offers in variety of stock, quality and prices, the greatest inducements for Cash or strictly fancy Produce to be found within 30 miles.

We Buy All Heavy Goods in Car-Lots.

DRY GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
SHOES,
CLOTHING,
HATS,
FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WALL PAPER,
FLOUR,
GRAIN,
FEED,
Salt,
FIELD SEEDS,
GROCERIES,

We have a large outlet for Fine Color, Worked Solid
FRESH BUTTER,
Fresh Clean Eggs, Choice Clean Vegetables, etc., etc

We will not buy unclean eggs, or Butter that is soft and white, no matter how clean or fresh, as we cannot sell them, and we believe a fair understanding is only just to the persons who take care and expense to produce the best results. A poor horse does not bring the price of a good one, even if he sells at all. Why should produce?

Occasionally markets will be overcrowded, even with good goods or produce. We handle
CHOICE STOCK
Whenever Possible.

This space will keep you in touch with our store by quoting prices and describing goods. WE WANT YOUR TRADE. VISIT OUR STORE. We can save you money on heavy goods and give you very low prices all through this great store.

W. H. WESTON, - - - - - GALLITZIN, PA.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.
DEALER IN
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,
Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pa., to me directed I will expose to public sale at the hotel of Simon Nagle, in the village of St Augustine, in Clearfield township, Cambria county Pennsylvania, on
SATURDAY, SEPT. 4TH, 1897,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title and interest which was of John Neason, deceased, of, in and to
All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the (Town-ship of Clearfield, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of T. M. Sheehan, Thos. Nagle, John Montgomery and Gera d Adams, c ntaining
81 ACRES
more or less and having thereon erected a LOG HOUSE and big barn.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per c nt. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one third at the confirmation of sale; one third in one year and the remaining third in two years from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser. F. L. LITTLE,
Trustee to sell the real estate of John Neason, deceased.
Pattot, Pa., August 13th. 1897. 3t.

Better Late
THAN
NEVER

If you have not availed yourself of the opportunity to witness a
VAPOR STOVE
in practical operation, you can do so at the Ebensburg Fair, Aug. 31, and Sept. 1, 2 and 3.

No Coal. No Wood.
No Ashes. No Dirt.
No Soot. No Smoke.
No Wick. No Odor.

and very little heat, except just where you want it. You will be amply repaid if you will spare a few minutes to investigate its merits.

Treasury Department.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug 9, 1897.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The First National Bank of Ebensburg," in the Borough of Ebensburg, in the county of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, has complied with all the statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking:

Now, therefore, I, James H Eckels, Comptroller of the Currency, do certify that the "First National Bank of Ebensburg, in the County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statues of the United States.

SEAL

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this Ninth day of August, 1897.
JAMES H. ECKELS,
Comptroller of the Currency
No. 5084.
Aug. 20 1897 3t.

CAUTION NOTICE.

Whereas, my wife, Cecilia Gittings, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, notice is hereby given to all persons not to trust her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting. THOMAS GETTING,
Clearfield township, August 13, 1897. 3t. X.

CANCER and tumors CURED; no knife; book free. Drs GRATIGNY & BYRD, 635 Elm St. Cincinnati, O.

THE SEASON
FOR SELLING
Summer Goods!

is about over, but we still have quite a lot on hand that we want to dispose of before putting in fall goods. There are many things in what are considered Summer Goods that are suitable for fall wear—just the kind you will need for this time of the year.

We want you to look over our stock of Clothing. If there is anything you need in the line we may be able to save you some money, as our stock is full and we must make room for fall and winter goods which will soon be in.

In Shirts, Overalls, Hats, Gloves, and in fact everything in that line you need, we carry a large stock of You will need Fruit Jars, Tin Cans, Jelly Glasses, Tumblers, etc., for putting up fruit We have a large stock of them.

This being between seasons, as it is called, it is hard to know just what you do want, but we are keeping up a full assortment in all lines, and shall take pleasure in showing you through the stock.

BARKER BROS.,
Cor. High and Centre Streets, Ebensburg, Pa.

DON'T MISS IT!

The Great Clearance Sale
TO MAKE ROOM FOR FALL GOODS!

We are now having the greatest Reduction Sale ever held in Northern Cambria. We have a great many Suits of which there are but one or two suits of a kind—your suit may be among them. We are selling them regardless of cost—some almost half price.

We have too many Pants and to make them sell quick have reduced them to less than cost of manufacture.

CREAT CUT IN SHOES!

All our Ladies', Oxford Ties, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Tan and Chocolate Shoes have been reduced to less than cost

Call soon before they are all sold and we will show you some bargains.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

There's Pleasure
And satisfaction in a good cooking appliance, one that is a good baker and a perfect roaster.
CINDERELLA
STOVES & RANGES
Are made in all styles and sizes, with a view of meeting every want of the housekeeper at moderate cost. They have all the latest improvements, and are made of the best material, and by the best workmen. They have many good points not found in other stoves.

We simply claim for the CINDERELLA what we can prove—no more. Judge for yourself.

Your money back if not satisfied.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. CRESSON—Cresson Store Store.
[feb25.95]

LED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Headed the G. A. R. Parde In Buffalo Today.

THEN REVIEWED THE VETERANS.

Commander-In-Chief Clarkson and Staff Acted as Escort—Number of Reunions, Auxiliary Organizations Hold Meetings and Parades—The Business Transacted.

BUFFALO, Aug. 25.—President McKinley rode at the head of the line in the G. A. R. parade as far as the reviewing stand, where he took the seat previously assigned to him and reviewed the veterans as they passed by. The president occupied a carriage with General Rogers of Buffalo and was escorted by Commander-in-Chief Clarkson and his staff.

A notable feature of the encampment was the arrival of President McKinley, accompanied by Secretary Alger and Governor Black of New York. A banquet to the president last evening and the parade of the naval veterans and ex-prisoners of war were also great features. During the day there were more than 30 corps, brigade and regimental and company reunions. Last

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF CLARKSON.

evening there were a number of camp fires for the men and receptions and musical entertainments for the ladies.

The first parade in which Grand Army men took part was a notable event.

The Naval Veterans' association and the ex-Prisoners of War association together with the survivors of Erie county regiments and other organizations, composed the Grand Army contingent of the parade. The naval veterans wore the uniform of the United States naval service and made a splendid appearance. As they rolled through the streets in the swinging gait of men-of-warsmen the crowd cheered them to the echo.

The ex-prisoners of war from the rank and file of the G. A. R. wore the uniforms of their respective posts, and on each coat was fastened a badge bearing the name of the prison in which the wearer had been confined. As the names of the Andersonville, Libbey, Salisbury, Belle Isle, Florence, Castle Thunder and other places of historic horror were read the cheers became deafening.

The National Association of ex-Prisoners of War met in annual convention with Commander Charles F. Sheriff of Pittsburg in the chair. The attendance was the largest since the organization of the association.

The report of the adjutant general showed 97 local associations, with a membership of 1,932, and 702 individual members, a total membership of 2,204. There was a substantial cash balance in the treasury.

Several speakers advocated the passage of the ex-prisoners' relief bill to be presented to congress.

These officers were elected:

Commander, Charles F. Sheriff, Pittsburg; senior vice commander, J. L. Kilgour, Brooklyn; chaplain, John S. Ferguson, Keokuk, Ia.; historian, Lewis R. Fortescue, Philadelphia; quartermaster general, S. M. Long, East Orange, N. J.

Executive committee, ex-Mayor Doran, St. Paul; James Atwell, Pittsburg; Isaac C. Seeley, Minneapolis, and John P. Donahoe, Wilmington, Del.

The Loyal Home Workers held a meeting with 100 delegates, representing 15 states, present. The annual reports showed that the order was making steady progress, its membership now exceeding 10,000.

When Rear Admiral Sears called the twelfth annual convention of the National Association of Naval Veterans to order about 300 delegates were in attendance. Daniel F. Kelly of Philadelphia was elected rear admiral for the ensuing year over Will E. Atkins by a vote of 94 to 13.

A resolution was adopted urging the secretary of the navy to accept the plans of Baerer & Webb of New York for a statue of the late Rear Admiral David B. Porter, to be erected in Philadelphia or Washington.

The committee on resolutions reported against the removal of gold stripes from the uniforms of the naval veterans. After a fierce fight the matter was unanimously laid on the table for a year.

A resolution approving the project of the late General William B. Hazen to establish a sanitarium on Castle Pinckey island in Charleston harbor was unanimously adopted.

Another fight arose over the report of the committee on the revision of the constitution, which proposed to amend the constitut on regarding classes 2 and 3, which consist of sons, grand sons and associates of the veterans, so that these might be expelled from the national association. A lengthy and somewhat animated discussion ended in tabling the report.

The National Association of Army Nurses met with Mrs. Emily E. Woodley of Philadelphia in the chair, and after listening to the addresses of the president and senior vice president and the various reports, adjourned in order to allow the members to take a ride on the lake.

At the opening session of the Ladies of the G. A. R. every state except Iowa and Indiana was represented. Mrs. Catharine F. Hirst, president, presided.

Colonel Sexton of Chicago has withdrawn as a candidate for commander-in-chief. There are now three eastern and one western candidate for the place.

Of Cincinnati's success in her race for the next encampment there appears to be little doubt, although Denver has loomed up as an aspirant for that honor.

At Colonel Gobin's headquarters, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware are claimed for the Pennsylvania man, and his friends say he will be in the fight to the end.

Among the prominent arrivals were General Lew Wallace and Former Commander-in-Chief Thomas G. Lawler.

Two Aged Women Murdered.

BERLIN, Aug. 25.—Mrs. Augusta Schultz, a widow 71 years old, and her daughter Clara, 51, worth about $3,000,000, have been murdered and robbed by an unknown shoemaker, who is supposed to be on his way to New York, where officers have been notified to be on the lookout. They lived in a fashionable residence district.

Brown Not Rescued, but Hanged.

FAYETTEVILLE, W. Va., Aug. 25.—Jerry Brown has been hanged for an assault committed on Mrs. Hadford last February. Two thousand people witnessed the execution. Brown's neck was not broken, and he died amids' groans and struggles. Troops were called out to prevent an alleged attempt at rescue.

BANQUET TO M'KINLEY.

A Brilliant Affair Given by Columbia Post of Chicago—The President's Warm Greeting to Hanna—The Senator Given an Ovation by the Crowd.

BUFFALO, Aug. 25.—From the moment that the special train that bore the president and his retinue to the city arrived until he retired last night there was one glorious and spontaneous demonstration. When the Niagara hotel was reached the president made a neat little speech to the enthusiastic multitude.

Shortly after 5 o'clock Columbia post, dressed in fatigue coats and white duck trousers, arrived at the hotel and acted as escort to the president to the Elliott building, where the post entertained the president at a banquet.

At the guest table sat Commander C. H. McConnell of Columbia post, toastmaster of the occasion; President McKinley, Commander-in-Chief T. S. Clarkson, Archbishop Ireland, General Russell A. Alger, Governor Frank S. Black, Chaplain-in-Chief Mark B. Taylor, ex-Postmaster General Wilson S. Bissell, Governor Hazen S. Pingree of Michigan and many others.

When an elaborate menu had been discussed to the satisfaction of guests the toastmaster called for Governor Frank S. Black, who extended a welcome for Columbia post to President McKinley.

At 8:45 o'clock Senator Mark Hanna, who had just arrived in the city, came into the banquet hall. His entry was noted by applause at the further end of the hall and, as the proceedings paused, President McKinley rose from his seat and moved along the hall to meet him. There was a shout of applause as the two men clasped hands and the president's left hand went upon Mr. Hanna's shoulder. Both took their seats amid applause. Mr. Hanna had to hold a levee.

Closely following Mr. Hanna's entrance it was announced that the president, desiring to hear Archbishop Ireland and other speakers, had decided to make a brief visit to some of the camp fires and then return. He left accompanied by Commander-in-Chief Clarkson.

While Mayor Jewett was speaking the president returned and for a few moments pandemonium reigned supreme, somebody yelling "wheat $1.03, silver 40c" a cry that was taken up and repeated again and again.

When Mr. Jewett had finished his address President McKinley was introduced, and for fully five minutes it seemed as though the roof would have to fall or the side walls bulge with the roars of applause and greeting. The president made a patriotic speech in which he referred eloquently to the re united north and south.

RICH PEARLS IN ARKANSAS.

Hundreds Wading the Streams Picking Up the Gems.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 25.—New discoveries of valuable deposits of pearls in lakes and rivers in Arkansas have added greatly to the excitement already existing over similar discoveries, and thousands of people are wading through the water in different parts of the state searching for the precious gems. The latest and most sensational discoveries were made in the Arkansas river and the creeks, lakes and bayous near Little Rock, where pearls have been picked up ranging in value from $10 to $800 each.

Hundreds of people are working the Saline, White and other rivers and many valuable finds have been reported. Additional discoveries were made on the Fourche river and hundreds of people are swarming to that stream. A staff representative of The Arkansas Gazette, who has spent much time in investigating the matter, says there are 57 streams in the state that are rich in pearls of large size.

WHEAT STILL LOWER.

Bears Have an Inning and Force Down Prices.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—The bears had an inning in wheat. The September option at one time sold 9 cents below the high point. December beat this by a cent and a quarter. The closing figures show a loss for the day of 5½c in September and 5½c in December. Heavy and long-continued liquidation was the cause of the break.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The disastrous result of operations by eleventh hour bulls was demonstrated in the action of the wheat market. Failing to secure the necessary assortment of bull news these belated holders punctured the bull bubble and prices fell with a crash to a point over 8 cents a bushel below the top notch for the year, reaching the lowest figure when December, after having opened at $1.00½, sold at 95½c.

Daughters of Liberty.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.—The twenty-first annual session of the national council of the Daughters of Liberty is meeting in the supreme courtroom, in the courthouse. There are about 200 delegates and visitors present. Most of the delegates are women.

Hurst Slowly Recovering.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Tim Hurst, the baseball umpire, who was injured in the second game between the Brooklyns and Pittsburg at Eastern park, is slowly recovering. He is suffering from a hemorrhage of the brain.

Miners Out at DuBois, Pa.

DUBOIS, Pa., Aug. 25.—The Lancaster and London mines, at this place, have quit work, notwithstanding that they decided at a meeting held to continue. The agitators from the Pittsburg region had been working unceasingly for a week to get the men out, and have succeeded, in the face of the fact that a majority were opposed to striking.

Resolutions Eulogized Bryan.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Aug. 25.—The Clinton county Democratic convention here nominated a ticket and delegates to the state convention. Resolutions endorsing the Chicago platform and eulogizing Bryan were adopted.

Favor Free Silver.

TOWANDA, Pa., Aug. 25.—The delegates to the Democratic state convention have been elected. All are in favor of free silver.

Ill From Mosquito Bites.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 25.—The 8-months-old child of John Cochrane of 5 Townsend street was severely bitten by mosquitoes. Blood poisoning set in and the child is in a critical condition.

English Invested $2,000,000.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Mr. Edwin Corbin of Chicago has closed a deal amalgamating the United States and Canadian lakes fisheries companies, whereby the control of 20 companies passes into the hands of a British company with $5,000,000 capital.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS.

Mary Hanrahan, 55 years, committed suicide by swallowing strychnine and paris green at Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Atkinson, while driving on the Bristol pike, near Holmesburg, narrowly escaped being killed by a trolley car running into their carriage.

W. E. Snyder of Chambersburg claims to have been swindled by a Philadelphia sales agent, whose advertisement he answered.

The Grangers' interstate picnic exhibition at Williams' Grove has opened and promised to be a great success.

Judge Bechtel was unanimously nominated for judge by the Schuylkill Democratic convention.

The commandery general, Patriotic Order Sons of America, met at Reading where they nominated officers and transacted other business.

A large number of orders have assured employes in the Pennsylvania shops at Altoona, plenty of work for some time to come.

WITH NON-UNION MEN,

Pittsburg Operators Say They Will Start Their Mines.

CONFERENCE ENDED IN FAILURE.

President Ratchford Declares the Attempt to Run the Mines Will Prove Futile and That the Strikers Will Win. Labor Representatives Meet.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.—Coal operators of the Pittsburg district are going to operate their mines at once. Within a week notices will be posted in conspicuous places about the various pits of the district notifying the strikers that they can return to work if they care to. Such an announcement will be given in due time, and if it does not bring the miners to their work employes will be engaged from other parts.

Such is the policy of the operators of the Pittsburg district, as a result of the conference with the head officials of the United Mine Workers of America. No compromise was reached and there was but one thing left for the mine-owners—to start their plants without the aid of organized labor. From the standpoint of the two sides of the controversy the status of the whole situation up to date is as follows:

President Ratchford of the United Mine Workers of America says that the last straw was broken at the conference; that the operators cannot do anything but give in to their employes, that the strike will be kept up until the wages demanded, 69 cents per ton, is paid.

The official statement of the operators is a diplomatic supplement to the strike. It is intended to give a who e lot of information, but few facts can be found in any of the paragraphs. It tells of the meeting and its sad ending, and predicts that the mines can be run without further parleying.

The conference ended in failure.

The miners' officials would not recede from their original position to settle by arbitration and to start the mines at the 69-cent rate. The operators offered to divide the difference between the 54 and 69-cent rates, making the price at which the mines should be started 61½ cents, but this was rejected, and then additional propositions were made. One was to start the mines without fixing any price for 30 days, and then pay the rate agreed upon by a board of arbitrators.

This was also refused by the miners' representatives, as they said they had been fooled too often to trust the operators again. They declined to work for a month, giving the operators the output for that length of time without knowing what wages were to be paid.

A proposition was then made to operate the mines for ten days without fixing a price and allow a board of arbitrators to fix the price for that time.

President Ratchford insisted that nothing but a 69-cent rate could possibly be accepted. The operators were firm, but the miners were equally determined, and every argument of the mineowners was met by the miners' leaders. Neither side would concede another point, and it was decided to end the conference.

Representatives from 85 labor organizations in Western Pennsylvania met last night at Knights of Labor hall and adopted resolutions advocating a general uprising of the workingmen in a peaceable manner and a general strike, if the injunction of the courts relative to the miners' encampments at Turtle Creek are continued.

BRITISH FORT CAPTURED.

A General Uprising of the Afridis Seems to Have Occurred.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—An official dispatch from Simla announces that Fort Maude, in the Khyber pass, has been captured by the Afridis after desperate fighting. The garrison, which was composed of native levies known as the Khyber Rifles, retired with the loss of three men. The Afridis afterward burned the fort.

The fate of Fort Ali-Musjid, which was simultaneously attacked by the Afridis, is not known.

A general revolt of the Afridis was what the Indian government feared the most, and it now seems to have taken place. The government has received a communication from the ameer of Afghanistan, in which he denies all responsibility for the doings of the mullahs or fanatical priests of the different tribes.

The Afridis number about 20,000 first-class hill fighters. A feature of the situation is that the Anglo-Indian army is largely recruited from the Afridis.

ANDREWS LIKELY TO STAY.

Whitman Says So and Declines to Consider Presidency of Brown.

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Rev. Dr. Beniah L. Whitman, president of Columbia university at Washington, who has been mentioned as a possible successor to President Andrews at Brown university, said of the matter:

"In my judgment the misconceptions which are going around on this matter will be corrected when the corporation of Brown meets Sept. 1.

"The members of the corporation are all scattered now, but undoubtedly they will all meet at that time, and I am fully persuaded that President Andrews and the corporation will find ground upon which mutual respect will be maintained, and that all difficulties will be adjusted."

When asked if he would accept the position if Dr. Andrews refused it Dr. Whitman replied: "To me the question has no meaning, as there is no vacancy at Brown and in my judgment there will not be any."

PRUSSIA AND THE RAILROADS.

A U. S. Consul Says Government Ownership Is a Success There.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz, Germany, has sent to the state department a report on Prussian railroads. "State ownership of railroads," he says, "plays an important part in Prussia's finances. Earning enormous sums, serving commerce and manufacturers in times of peace and all strategic purposes in times of war, they have more than justified the arguments that urged the government to own them and liberal policies that have put them down and pushed them out into all parts of the empire."

A WINDOWGLASS COMBINE.

Organization Formed That Will Practically Control the Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—The windowglass manufacturers have formed a combine at a meeting here. The product of all manufacturers will be paid for at an agreed price and turned over to the manager of the association.

The manager will distribute the output to the jobbers and the production will be pro rated according to the number of pots operated by each manufacturer. The new organization will practically control the market.

Won a $45,000 Purse.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The unexpected happened at Sheepshead Bay and the filly L'Alouette of the Thompson string won the futurity with something to spare. The purse was worth $45,000.

Justice Fuller's Daughter Dying.

TACOMA, Aug. 25.—Mrs. Hugh Wallace, daughter of Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, is dying of appendicitis at Ashfords farm, at the base of Mount Rainier.

QUAY AGAIN IN CONTROL.

Colonel Clayton McMichael Nominated For Treasurer of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—For the first time since the control of the Republican organization in Philadelphia was wrested from Senator Quay by the defection which prevented the nomination for the mayoralty of Boies Penrose, now United States senator, a regular Republican convention representing every faction in this city has nominated with practical unanimity a pronounced Quay partisan by naming Colonel Clayton McMichael, proprietor of the Philadelphia North American and a director of the Associated Press, who is one of the recognized Quay leaders in Eastern Pennsylvania, as the candidate for city treasurer.

The senators from Philadelphia and members of congress interested had united in naming Colonel McMichael to succeed the Democratic postmaster in Philadelphia and he said that he entered the contest for the city treasureship only because the friends of all factions united upon him to perfect the Republican harmony which puts Senators Quay and Penrose in what is regarded as undisputed control of the Republican state organization.

All of the newspapers, Republican, Democratic and independent, make complimentary comment upon Colonel McMichael's selection, referring in eulogistic terms to his career, beginning with his entrance into military service at the outbreak of the war before he was 17 years old as probably the youngest commissioned officer of the regular army, and continued to the present through a lifetime of prominence in military affairs, in politics and in active journalism.

Other nominations were: Register of wills, H. D. Hackett; common pleas judges, F. A. Bregy, Charles Y. Audenried and William W. Wiltbank, renominated.

For treasurer in addition to Colonel McMichael's name that of J. Hampton Moore was presented. Some discussion followed the presentation of Moore's name, a delegate jumped to his feet and shouted to the delegates to throw off all allegiance and vote for Moore. He told them to throw off the shackles that bound them and vote as their judgment dictated. Moore withdrew and harmony was restored.

FAURE'S VISIT TO RUSSIA.

Placed a Wreath on the Tomb of the Late Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 25.—After placing a wreath and a golden olive branch on the tomb of the late czar, Alexander III, in the cathedral, President Faure drove across the Neva and laid the cornerstone of the new French hospital. The president afterward visited the house which Peter the Great built in 1703, on the bank of the Neva, in order to superintend the construction of St. Petersburg.

The president then traversed the garden leading to the riverside, where the czar was waiting for him in a launch. M. Faure embarked in this vessel, which had the Russian and French flags flying from her stern, and cro-sed the Neva. The presidential party landed on the other side of the river and took part in the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new Troitsky bridge.

A NEW DIVORCE BILL.

American Bar Association May Urge District of Columbia Law.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 25.—At the meeting of the uniform law commission of the American Bar association John C. Richberg, Esq., of Chicago, as chairman of a special committee appointed for the purpose, reported a draft of a divorce bill for adoption in all the states, to be submitted to the National Bar association.

If the association approves of it the members will urge its adoption by their different state legislatures. The bill is modelled after the divorce law in force in the District of Columbia, which of necessity was drawn by committees of congress, which represents the entire country.

Missing Broker's Body Found.

DETROIT, Aug. 25.—The body of Aaron C. Conn, the missing board of trade operator, has been found on Belle Isle. Around his neck a handkerchief had been knotted and then twisted with a lead pencil. Conn is said to have lost considerable money and was partially deranged.

Panic In Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 25.—There was a panic here owing to the police chasing and arresting two Armenians. Nearly all the stores in the quarter where the arrests were made were hurriedly closed and remained shut until the police reassured their proprietors.

Ruler of Tunis May Abdicate.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—A report that Sidi Ali, the bey of Tunis, will soon abdicate in favor of his son and take up his residence at Nice is circulated.

The Price of Silver.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—At the New York price for bars the value of the silver in the standard silver dollar is 39.66 cents.

Armor Commission In Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.—The naval armor commission is here to inspect the Homestead plant.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 97@98c; No. 2 red, 96@97c; spring wheat, 93@95c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 35@36c; No. 2 shelled, 35@36c; high mixed shelled, 34@34½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do, 24@24½c; extra No. 3 white, 22@23½c; light mixed, 21@22c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.00@11.50; No. 2, $9.75@10.00; No. 1 clover, mixed, $8.00@8.50; packing, $6.00@6.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $6.50@7.00; wagon hay, $12.00@13.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large spring chickens, 30@40c per pair; small, 20@30c; large old chickens, 50@60c per pair; small, 30@35c; old ducks, 40@60c per pair; turkeys, 7@8c per pound. Dressed spring chickens, 13@14c per pound; old chickens, 10@11c; ducks, 14@15c; turkeys, 13@ 4c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21½@22c; extra creamery, 20@21c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17½@18½c; country roll, 12@13c; low grade and cooking, 6@8c.

CHEESE—New York full cream, new make, 9@9½c; Ohios, full cream, new make, 8@8½c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limberger, new, 8@8½c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 10½@11c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 9½@10c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 13½@14c; in a jobbing way, 14½@15c; selected fancy stock, 16@ 15½c.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24.

CATTLE—Receipts light; market steady. We quote prices as follows: Prime, $5.00@5.15; good, $4.8 @4.95; tidy, $4.5 @4.75; good butchers', $4.3 @4.60; fair, $3.90@4.10, heifers, $3.00@4.25; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.75; common to good fat oxen, $2.00@4.0; bologna cows, $1.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@45.0.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 8 cars; quality poor; market steady. We quote: Prime pigs, light Yorkers and assorted mediums, $4.30@4.40; fair mediums, $4.30@4.35; grassers and stubblers, $4.15@4.25; heavy $4.10@ 4.15; roughs, $2.75@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light; market steady. We quote prices as follows: Choice, $4.05@4.10; good, $3.90@4.00; fair, $3.50@3.75; common, $2.50@3.40; choice lambs, $5.10@5.25; common to good, $4.00@5.0; veal calves, $6.50@6.75; heavy and thin calves, $3.0 @4.00.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 24.

HOGS—Market firm at $4.5@4.30.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.25@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $2.00@3.50. Lambs—Market steady at $3.5 @4.60.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, $1.02½@1.02¾.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 3 5c.

OATS—Spot market lower; No. 2, 2 3½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 1 ½@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@9c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, $2.00@2.60; lambs, $4.0@6.10.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.4@4.70.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture 2 1-2 cents and two cents in stamps to the *Stark Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Zodiac Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold game **Verba.**

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with twenty exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycyrrhized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

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ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutic preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities. In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.

Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.

In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

Prepared solely by

The Royal Pharmaceutic Co.
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Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.

NEW YORK BRANCH:
130, 132, 134 Charlton St.

ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL, delicious taste, 50c.
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Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00
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The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

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SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

CATARRH

IS A LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climate changes.

For Your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

ELY'S **CREAM BALM**

Is acknowledged to be the most effective remedy for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membrane from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. Price 50c at Druggists or by mail

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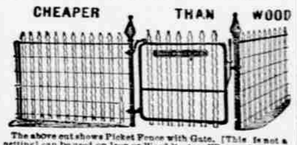
CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a setting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings. Grates and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,
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Of all the Ills are due to Constipation.

LAXA TEA

cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

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Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near O'Hara's Livery office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.

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FAT FOLKS

can reduce from 15 to 25 lbs per month by a harmless treatment indorsed by prominent physician of 20 years' experience. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. Improves general health and beautifies complexion. 1500 physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.

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For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

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☞ The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Centre street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

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The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,

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That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

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HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE
WHISKERS

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

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Warranted cures for all cases. Full line of medicines always on hand. Agent for Health Restoring Crescent wheel.

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May 14 '97. 4m

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A special boon to badness men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and have found the diseases of alcohol in fastened to it, rendering them unfit to manage affairs or to require a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the

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restores to them all their powers of mental and physical endurance, the sildenal appetite, and restores them to the condition they were in before they indulged in intoxicants. This has been done in more than 1000 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the absolute safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. The latest and most searching investigation is invited for its publication giving full information.

Aug 7 96

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We will interest you. Send us your address on a Postal Card.

AMERICAN TEA CO.,
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Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 15, 1896.

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Southern Express, week days, ... A.M.
Altoona Accommodation, week days, ... A.M.
Main Line Express, Daily, ... A.M.
Altoona Accommodation, week days, ... P.M.
Mail Express, Daily, ... P.M.
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Signed, Peter Wagner, Henry Campbell, John Wanner, James E. Rowland and Robert Ferguson.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

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